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BeiGene

BeiGene, Ltd.

百濟神州有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 06160)

OVERSEAS REGULATORY ANNOUNCEMENT – FORM 8-K

This announcement is issued pursuant to Rule 13.10B of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Please refer to the attached for the document which has been published by BeiGene, Ltd. on the website of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on August 8, 2019 (U.S. Eastern Time).

By order of the Board

BeiGene, Ltd.

Mr. John V. Oyler

Chairman

Hong Kong, August 9, 2019

As at the date of this announcement, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Mr. John V. Oyler as Chairman and Executive Director, Dr. Xiaodong Wang as Non-executive Director, and Mr. Timothy Chen, Mr. Donald W. Glazer, Mr. Michael Goller, Mr. Ranjeev Krishana, Mr. Thomas Malley, Mr. Jing-Shyh (Sam) Su and Mr. Qingqing Yi as Independent Non-executive Directors.

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

Form 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event Reported): August 8, 2019

BEIGENE, LTD.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

Cayman Islands (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)	001-37686 (Commission File Number)	98-1209416 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)
c/o Mourant Governance Services (Cayman) Limited 94 Solaris Avenue, Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands (Address of Principal Executive Offices) (Zip Code) +1 (345) 949-4123 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)		
Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)		

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
American Depositary Shares, each representing 13 Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share	BGNE	The NASDAQ Global Select Market
Ordinary Shares, par value \$0.0001 per share*	06160	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

*Included in connection with the registration of the American Depositary Shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The ordinary shares are not registered or listed for trading in the United States but are listed for trading on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (17 CFR §230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR §240.12b-2). Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 8, 2019, BeiGene, Ltd. (the "Company") announced its financial results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2019. A copy of the press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure

On August 8, 2019, the Company posted an investor presentation to its website at <http://ir.beigene.com>. A copy of the investor presentation is attached as Exhibit 99.2 to this Current Report on Form 8-K and is incorporated by reference herein. The information in Item 7.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K, including the presentation, is intended to be furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or this Current Report.

Item 8.01. Other Events.

In its press release dated August 8, 2019, the Company also provided an update on second quarter 2019 and recent business highlights and expected milestones for the remainder of 2019 and 2020. The information in the press release set forth under the headings "Recent Business Highlights and Upcoming Milestones" and "Forward-Looking Statements" is incorporated by reference into this Item 8.01 of this Current Report on Form 8-K.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Press release issued by BeiGene, Ltd. on August 8, 2019
99.2	BeiGene Ltd. Investor Presentation dated August 8, 2019
104	The cover page from this Current Report on Form 8-K, formatted in Inline XBRL

Exhibit Index

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

BEIGENE, LTD.

Date: August 8, 2019

By: /s/ Scott A. Samuels

Name: Scott A. Samuels

Title: Senior Vice President, General Counsel

BeiGene Reports Second Quarter 2019 Financial Results

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. and BEIJING, China, August 8, 2019 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) -- BeiGene, Ltd. (NASDAQ: BGNE; HKEX: 06160), a commercial-stage biopharmaceutical company focused on developing and commercializing innovative molecularly-targeted and immuno-oncology drugs for the treatment of cancer, today reported recent business highlights, anticipated upcoming milestones, and financial results for the second quarter and first half of 2019.

“This quarter, our team continued to deliver across all functions, with the completion of enrollment in five Phase 3 or pivotal trials and the initiation of three new Phase 3 trials in oncology indications where we expect to have a profound impact on people fighting both hematologic and solid tumors. We believe that we are well-positioned to continue running our late-stage trials, including those for tislelizumab, for which we re-acquired full global rights from Celgene in advance of the closing of its pending acquisition by Bristol-Myers Squibb,” said John V. Oyler, Co-Founder, Chief Executive Officer, and Chairman of BeiGene. “We are progressing well with our U.S. and China product launch preparations, including our commercial and manufacturing build-outs, and we expect the remainder of 2019 and 2020 to be transformative for BeiGene, with readouts from up to 10 ongoing Phase 3 or potentially registration-enabling studies in addition to planned commercial launches of two of our internally developed products.”

Recent Business Highlights and Upcoming Milestones

Clinical Programs

Zanubrutinib, an investigational small molecule inhibitor of Bruton’s tyrosine kinase (BTK) designed to maximize BTK occupancy and minimize off-target effects

- Completed enrollment in the global Phase 3 SEQUOIA trial (NCT03336333) comparing zanubrutinib with bendamustine plus rituximab in patients with treatment-naïve (TN) chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL) or small lymphocytic lymphoma (SLL);
- Achieved first patient dosing in a Phase 1b trial (NCT02914938) conducted by MEI Pharma of zanubrutinib in combination with ME-401, an investigational selective oral phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) delta inhibitor;
- Presented data at the 15th International Conference on Malignant Lymphoma (ICML), including:
 - Clinical data from the pivotal Phase 2 trial (NCT03206918) in China in patients with relapsed/refractory (R/R) CLL or SLL;
 - Updated data from the pivotal Phase 2 trial (NCT03206970) in China in patients with R/R mantle cell lymphoma (MCL);
 - Updated data from the global Phase 1/2 trial (NCT02343120) in patients with different subtypes of B-cell malignancies, including MCL;
 - Updated data from the Phase 1b combination trial (NCT02569476) with GAZYVA[®] (obinutuzumab) in patients with R/R or TN CLL or SLL, and patients with R/R follicular lymphoma (FL).
- Presented data at the 24th Congress of European Hematology Association (EHA), including:
 - Clinical data from the nonrandomized cohort in patients with MYD88^{wt} Waldenström’s Macroglobulinemia (WM) from the Phase 3 ASPEN trial (NCT03053440). The randomized cohort of the study, in patients with MYD88^{mut} WM, is ongoing;
 - Updated results from the ongoing Phase 1 trial (NCT02343120) of patients with WM;
 - Pooled safety data from six ongoing monotherapy studies in patients with B-cell malignancies; and
- Published in *Blood*, the Journal of the American Society of Hematology, an article on the Phase 1 trial of zanubrutinib in R/R B-cell malignancies, including CLL/SLL.

Expected Milestones for Zanubrutinib

- Receive approvals in China for the treatment of patients with R/R MCL and R/R CLL/SLL in the first half of 2020. The Company expects manufacturing inspections to occur after the completion of the technical reviews. In addition, non-clinical and chemistry, manufacturing and controls (CMC) supplemental information was requested and has been provided;

- File an initial New Drug Application (NDA) in the U.S. in 2019 or early 2020;
- File a supplemental new drug application (sNDA) in China for WM in 2019;
- Announce top-line results from the Phase 3 ASPEN trial comparing zanubrutinib to ibrutinib in patients with WM in 2019;
- Announce top-line interim analysis from the SEQUOIA trial comparing zanubrutinib with bendamustine plus rituximab in patients with TN CLL or SLL as early as 2020; and
- Initiate a global Phase 3 clinical trial (NCT04002297) comparing zanubrutinib plus rituximab versus bendamustine plus rituximab in patients with previously untreated MCL who are ineligible for stem cell transplant in 2019.

Tislelizumab, an investigational humanized IgG4 anti-PD-1 monoclonal antibody specifically designed to minimize binding to FcγR on macrophages

- Filed an sNDA in China for patients with previously treated locally-advanced or metastatic urothelial carcinoma (UC); the sNDA has been granted priority review status from the China National Medical Products Administration (NMPA);
- Regained full global rights from Celgene in advance of its pending acquisition by Bristol-Myers Squibb, and received a payment of \$150 million in connection with the termination;
- Completed enrollment in the Phase 3 trials in China of tislelizumab combined with chemotherapy in the front-line setting for patients with advanced squamous (NCT03594747) and non-squamous (NCT03663205) non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC);
- Initiated the following trials:
 - A Phase 3 randomized trial (NCT04005716) in China of platinum plus etoposide with or without tislelizumab in patients with untreated extensive-stage small cell lung cancer (SCLC);
 - A Phase 3 randomized trial (NCT03967977) in China of tislelizumab in combination with chemotherapy versus chemotherapy alone in patients with previously untreated locally advanced or metastatic UC; and
 - A Phase 3 randomized trial (NCT03957590) in China of tislelizumab versus placebo in combination with chemoradiotherapy in patients with localized esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (ESCC).
- Presented updated clinical results from the pivotal Phase 2 trial (NCT03209973) in China in patients with R/R classical Hodgkin lymphoma (cHL) at EHA; and
- Presented preliminary Phase 2 results from the Phase 1/2 trial (NCT03924986) in China in patients with nasopharyngeal cancer (NPC) at ASCO.

Expected Milestones for Tislelizumab

- Receive NDA approval in China for treatment of patients with R/R cHL in 2019;
- Announce top-line results from the global Phase 2 trial (NCT03419897) in second- or third-line patients with hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) in 2019 or early 2020 and have regulatory discussions;
- Announce top-line results from the Phase 3 trial (NCT03594747) in first-line squamous NSCLC in China in 2019 or 2020;
- Announce top-line results from the Phase 3 trial (NCT03663205) in first-line non-squamous NSCLC in China in 2020; and
- Complete enrollment in the global first-line Phase 3 trial (NCT03412773) in HCC in 2019 and the global portion of the second-line Phase 3 trial (NCT03358875) in NSCLC in 2019 or early 2020.

Pamiparib, an investigational small molecule PARP inhibitor

- Completed enrollment in the Phase 3 randomized trial in China (NCT03519230) of pamiparib versus placebo as a potential maintenance treatment in patients with platinum-sensitive recurrent ovarian cancer;

- Completed enrollment in the pivotal Phase 2 trial in China (NCT03333915) in third-line and above patients with ovarian cancer with germ-line BRCA mutation; and
- Published in *The Lancet Oncology* an article on the Phase 1A/B trial of pamiparib in combination with tislelizumab in patients with advanced solid tumors.

Expected Milestones for Pamiparib

- Announce top-line results from the pivotal Phase 2 trial in Chinese patients with previously treated ovarian cancer in 2020; and
- Announce top-line results from the Phase 3 trial in China of pamiparib versus placebo as a potential maintenance treatment in patients with platinum-sensitive recurrent ovarian cancer in 2020.

Sitravatinib, an investigational tyrosine kinase inhibitor of receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs), including TAM family receptors (TYRO3, Axl, MER), split family receptors (VEGFR2, KIT) and RET, licensed from Mirati Therapeutics in Asia (excluding Japan), Australia, and New Zealand

- Initiated a Phase 1/2 trial (NCT03941873) in China of sitravatinib in combination with tislelizumab in patients with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic HCC or gastroesophageal junction cancer.

BGB-A1217, an investigational TIGIT monoclonal antibody discovered by BeiGene scientists

Expected Milestones for BGB-A1217

- Initiate patient enrollment in a Phase 1a/1b trial in China and Australia investigating the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics and preliminary antitumor activity of BGB-A1217 in combination with tislelizumab in patients with advanced solid tumors in 2019.

Manufacturing Facilities

- Completed equipment installation and systems qualification of the Company's biologics manufacturing facility in Guangzhou, China. We expect manufacturing and validation of tislelizumab drug substance to begin later this year.

Commercial Product Portfolio

- Generated \$58.14 million in product revenue in the three months ended June 30, 2019, from sales in China of ABRAXANE[®], REVLIMID[®] and VIDAZA[®], which represents an 85.0% increase compared to the same period in 2018; and
- Announced that the China National Medical Products Administration (NMPA, formerly known as CFDA) accepted the supplemental import drug application for ABRAXANE[®] (paclitaxel protein-bound particles for injectable suspension) (albumin-bound), in combination with gemcitabine, as a potential first-line treatment of patients with metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas (mPC).

Corporate Developments

- Received approval from the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (HKEX) to transition into a general listing under Rule 8.05(3) by meeting its specified revenue and market capitalization thresholds. As a result of the approval, the "B" marker was removed from the Company's stock symbol in the HKEX, and the Company's ordinary shares may become eligible for listing in the Hang Seng indices;
- Along with SpringWorks Therapeutics, announced the formation of MapKure, LLC to develop BGB-3245, an investigational, selective next-generation RAF kinase inhibitor discovered by BeiGene scientists;
- Appointed Qingyi "Anita" Wu as Chief Commercial Officer, Greater China. Prior to joining BeiGene, Anita served as General Manager of the Specialty Care business unit at Sanofi China; and
- Appointed Yan "Lily" Liu as Vice President, Head of Marketing, Greater China. Lily was most recently Vice President, Head of the Specialty Care business unit at Takeda China.

Second Quarter 2019 Financial Results

Cash, Cash Equivalents, Restricted Cash and Short-Term Investments were \$1.56 billion as of June 30, 2019, compared to \$1.64 billion as of March 31, 2019 and \$1.81 billion as of December 31, 2018.

- The decrease of \$76.07 million in the second quarter of 2019 was primarily due to \$46.10 million of cash used in operating activities, \$21.45 million for investments in property, plant and equipment, and \$20 million for an upfront payment related to the BioAtla collaboration agreement.

Revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 2019 was \$243.35 million, compared to \$52.80 million in the same period in 2018. The increase is primarily attributable to the \$150 million payment received in connection with the termination of the tislelizumab collaboration agreement with Celgene, the recognition of previously deferred revenue from the collaboration as well as increased product revenue from sales of the in-licensed products from Celgene in China.

- Product revenue from sales of ABRAXANE[®], REVLIMID[®] and VIDAZA[®] in China totaled \$58.14 million for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$31.43 million for the same period in 2018.
- Collaboration revenue totaled \$185.20 million for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$21.38 million for the same period in 2018. The increase is due primarily to the \$150 million payment in connection with the termination of our tislelizumab collaboration agreement with Celgene, as well as the recognition of previously deferred revenue from the collaboration.

Expenses for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019 were \$329.18 million, compared to \$215.85 million in the same period in 2018.

- **Cost of sales** for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019 were \$17.84 million, compared to \$6.26 million in the same period in 2018. Cost of sales related to the cost of acquiring ABRAXANE[®], REVLIMID[®] and VIDAZA[®] for distribution in China.
- **R&D Expenses** for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019 were \$228.76 million, compared to \$164.25 million in the same period in 2018. The increase in R&D expenses was primarily attributable to increased spending on our ongoing and newly initiated late-stage pivotal clinical trials, preparation for regulatory submissions and commercial launch of our late-stage drug candidates, and manufacturing costs related to pre-commercial activities and supply. Additionally, we expensed \$20.0 million for the upfront payment related to the BioAtla collaboration agreement. Employee share-based compensation expense also contributed to the overall increase in R&D expenses, and was \$18.15 million for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$10.72 million for the same period in 2018, due to increased headcount.
- **SG&A Expenses** for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019 were \$82.25 million, compared to \$45.16 million in the same period in 2018. The increase in SG&A expenses was primarily attributable to increased headcount, including the expansion of our commercial team to support the distribution of our commercial products in China and the potential launches of our late-stage drug candidates, as well as higher professional service fees and costs to support our growing operations. The overall increase in SG&A expenses was also attributable to higher SG&A-related share-based compensation expense, which was \$14.45 million for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019, compared to \$7.92 million for the same period in 2018, due to increased headcount.
- **Net Loss** for the second quarter ended June 30, 2019 was \$85.57 million, or \$0.11 per share, or \$1.43 per American Depositary Share (ADS), compared to \$156.89 million, or \$0.22 per share, or \$2.92 per ADS in the same period in 2018.

Financial Summary**Select Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet Data (U.S. GAAP)**

(Amounts in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	As of	
	June 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
	(unaudited)	(audited)
Assets:		
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,561,479	\$ 1,809,222
Accounts receivable	58,108	41,056
Working capital	1,484,001	1,697,390
Property and equipment, net	212,672	157,061
Total assets	2,150,318	2,249,684
Liabilities and equity:		
Accounts payable	148,536	113,283
Accrued expenses and other payables	103,061	100,414
Bank loan [1]	93,229	49,512
Shareholder loan [2]	154,321	148,888
Total liabilities	579,054	496,037
Noncontrolling interest	17,387	14,445
Total equity	\$ 1,571,264	\$ 1,753,647

[1] The bank loan is attributable to BeiGene Biologics, a joint venture that is 95% owned by BeiGene, Ltd., which totaled \$84.49 million as of June 30, 2019, and the current portion of long-term debt for a term note secured by our Suzhou manufacturing facility.

[2] The shareholder loan is attributable to a RMB900 million convertible note obtained in 2017 from our joint venture partner for the construction and operation of our manufacturing facilities in Guangzhou.

Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations (U.S. GAAP)

(Amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for shares, American Depositary Shares (ADSs), per share and per ADS data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(unaudited)			
Revenue:				
Product revenue, net	\$ 58,142	\$ 31,426	\$ 115,563	\$ 54,676
Collaboration revenue	185,204	21,378	205,616	30,672
Total revenues	243,346	52,804	321,179	85,348
Expenses:				
Cost of sales - products	(17,839)	(6,256)	(33,100)	(10,806)
Research and development	(228,760)	(164,251)	(407,111)	(273,951)
Selling, general and administrative	(82,248)	(45,160)	(139,893)	(74,075)
Amortization of intangible assets	(332)	(187)	(663)	(375)
Total expenses	(329,179)	(215,854)	(580,767)	(359,207)
Loss from operations	(85,833)	(163,050)	(259,588)	(273,859)
Interest income, net	2,886	1,892	7,363	3,444
Other (expense) income, net	(878)	75	850	804
Loss before income taxes	(83,825)	(161,083)	(251,375)	(269,611)
Income tax (expense) benefit	(2,129)	3,368	(2,648)	6,780
Net loss	(85,954)	(157,715)	(254,023)	(262,831)
Less: Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest	(384)	(828)	(813)	(1,348)
Net loss attributable to BeiGene, Ltd.	\$ (85,570)	\$ (156,887)	\$ (253,210)	\$ (261,483)
Net loss per share attributable to BeiGene, Ltd., basic and diluted	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.22)	\$ (0.33)	\$ (0.38)
Weighted-average shares outstanding, basic and diluted	777,509,102	698,506,891	776,137,299	684,586,086
Net loss per ADS attributable to BeiGene, Ltd., basic and diluted	\$ (1.43)	\$ (2.92)	\$ (4.24)	\$ (4.97)
Weighted-average ADSs outstanding, basic and diluted	59,808,392	53,731,299	59,702,869	52,660,468

About BeiGene

BeiGene is a global, commercial-stage, research-based biotechnology company focused on molecularly-targeted and immunology cancer therapeutics. With a team of over 2,700 employees in China, the United States, Australia and Europe, BeiGene is advancing a pipeline consisting of novel oral small molecules and monoclonal antibodies for cancer. BeiGene is also working to create combination solutions aimed to have both a meaningful and lasting impact on cancer patients. BeiGene markets ABRAXANE[®] (nanoparticle albumin-bound paclitaxel), REVLIMID[®] (lenalidomide), and VIDAZA[®] (azacitidine) in China under a license from Celgene Corporationⁱ.

Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other federal securities laws, including statements regarding the encouraging clinical data for BeiGene's product candidates and product revenue for its products; the conduct of late-stage clinical trials and expected data readouts; the potential commercial launches of BeiGene's product candidates; the advancement of and anticipated clinical development, regulatory milestones and commercialization of BeiGene's products and drug candidates; and BeiGene's plans and the expected milestones under the caption "Recent Business Highlights and Upcoming Milestones". Actual results may differ materially from those indicated in the forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including BeiGene's ability to demonstrate the efficacy and safety of its drug candidates; the clinical results for its drug candidates, which may not support further development or marketing approval; actions of regulatory agencies, which may affect the initiation, timing and progress of clinical trials and marketing approval; BeiGene's ability to achieve commercial success for its marketed products and drug candidates, if approved; BeiGene's ability to obtain and maintain protection of intellectual property for its technology and drugs; BeiGene's reliance on third parties to conduct drug development, manufacturing and other services; BeiGene's limited operating history and BeiGene's ability to obtain additional funding for operations and to complete the development and commercialization of its drug candidates, as well as those risks more fully discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in BeiGene's most recent quarterly report on Form 10-Q, as well as discussions of potential risks, uncertainties, and other important factors in BeiGene's subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. All information in this press release is as of the date of this press release, and BeiGene undertakes no duty to update such information unless required by law.

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ⁱ ABRAXANE[®], REVLIMID[®], and VIDAZA[®] are registered trademarks of Celgene Corporation.



BeiGene

Corporate Presentation

August 8, 2019

Disclosures

- Certain statements contained in this presentation and in the accompanying oral presentation, other than statements of fact that are independently verifiable at the date hereof, may constitute forward-looking statements. Examples of such forward-looking statements include those regarding investigational drug candidates and clinical trials and the status and related results thereto, as well as those regarding continuing and further development and commercialization efforts and transactions with third parties. Such statements, based as they are on the current analysis and expectations of management, inherently involve numerous risks and uncertainties, known and unknown, many of which are beyond BeiGene's control. Such risks include but are not limited to: the impact of general economic conditions, general conditions in the pharmaceutical industries, changes in the global and regional regulatory environments in the jurisdictions in which BeiGene does business, market volatility, fluctuations in costs and changes to the competitive environment. Consequently, actual future results may differ materially from the anticipated results expressed in the forward-looking statements. In the case of forward-looking statements regarding investigational drug candidates and continuing further development efforts, specific risks which could cause actual results to differ materially from BeiGene's current analysis and expectations include: failure to demonstrate the safety, tolerability and efficacy of our drug candidates, final and quality controlled verification of data and the related analyses, the expense and uncertainty of obtaining regulatory approval, including from the FDA, NMPA (formerly CFDA/CDA) and EMA, the possibility of having to conduct additional clinical trials and BeiGene's reliance on third parties to conduct drug development, manufacturing and other services. Further, even if regulatory approval is obtained, pharmaceutical products are generally subject to stringent on-going governmental regulation, challenges in gaining market acceptance and competition. These statements are also subject to a number of material risks and uncertainties that are described in BeiGene's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The reader should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements included in this presentation or in the accompanying oral presentation. These statements speak only as of the date made, and BeiGene is under no obligation and disavows any obligation to update or revise such statements as a result of any event, circumstances or otherwise, unless required by applicable legislation or regulation.
- Some of the clinical data in this presentation relating to BeiGene's investigational drug candidates is from early phase, single-arm trials. When such data or data from later stage trials are presented in relation to other investigational or marketed drug products, the presentation and discussion are not based on head-to-head trials between BeiGene's investigational drug candidates and other products. BeiGene is still conducting clinical trials and, as additional patients are enrolled and evaluated, data on BeiGene's investigational drug candidates may change.
- This presentation and the accompanying oral presentation contains data and information obtained from third-party studies and internal company analysis of such data and information. BeiGene has not independently verified the data and information obtained from these sources. Forward-looking information obtained from these sources is subject to the same qualifications noted above.



BeiGene At-A-Glance

Fully-integrated global biotech company with internal capabilities in research, clinical development, commercialization and manufacturing

2,700+ employees
10 offices on **4** continents
Trials in **34** countries and regions



- ~300 research
- 1000+ global clinical
- 600+ commercial

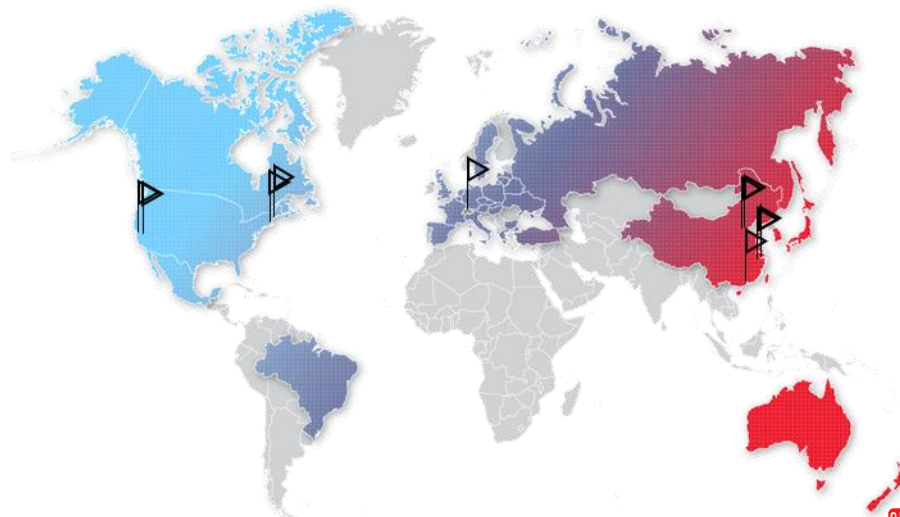
Key catalysts in 2019 / 20 including expected product approvals and up to **10** Phase 3 or potentially registration-enabling trial readouts could further transform the company



Broad product portfolio and pipeline



- Three wholly owned **late-stage candidates** including two currently under regulatory review
- **26** Phase 3 or potentially registration-enabling trials ongoing, 60+ studies in total
- Balanced portfolio of **13** clinical or commercial stage assets including 6 internally developed and 7 in-licensed
- Growing **commercial business**, from \$15.6M in 4Q:17 to \$58.1M in 2Q:19 since transition to BeiGene



BeiGene

Our Strategies -- Building a Leading Global Innovative Biotech Company From China

With the utmost commitment to patients, quality, and science



Realize two large near-term commercial opportunities

- Global opportunity for potentially best-in-class BTK inhibitor zanubrutinib
- Opportunity for differentiated anti-PD-1 antibody tislelizumab in China and beyond



Strengthen key strategic capabilities

- Global clinical development
- Commercial platform



Capture opportunities created by regulatory reforms in China

- Accelerate global development through China-inclusive global trials
- Continue to expand our portfolio by leveraging our strong clinical capabilities



Pursue a new global model for growth by leveraging China's reimbursement expansion

- Expanded commercial base in China lowers per-patient R&D investment and allows greater access
- Uniquely positioned due to strong China presence and global development

Our Leadership Team

Attracting global talent to build a world-class team



John V. Oyler

Founder, CEO, and Chairman
*BioDuro, Galenea, Telephia,
Genta, McKinsey & Company*



Xiaodong Wang, Ph.D.

Founder and Chairman SAB
*NIBS: National Institute of Biological Sciences in
Beijing, UT Southwestern Medical Center,
Howard Hughes Medical Institute,
National Academy of Sciences*



Xiaobin Wu, Ph.D.

GM of China, President
*Pfizer
Wyeth
Bayer*



Howard Liang, Ph.D.

CFO and Chief Strategy Officer
*Leerink
Abbott*



Eric Hedrick, M.D.

Chief Advisor
*Genentech
Pharmacyclics
Epizyme*



Jane Huang, M.D.

Chief Medical Officer,
Hematology
*Genentech
Acerta*



Yong Ben, M.D.

Chief Medical Officer,
Immuno-Oncology
*BioAtla
AstraZeneca*



Wendy Yan

SVP, Global Head of
Regulatory Affairs
*Bayer
AstraZeneca*



Lai Wang, Ph.D.

SVP, Head of Global Research,
Clinical Operation & Biometrics
and APAC Clinical Development
*UT Southwestern Medical
Center*



Anita Wu

Chief Commercial Officer, Greater China
*Sanofi
AstraZeneca
Pfizer*



Lily Liu

VP, Head of Marketing,
Greater China
*Takeda
Pfizer*



Josh Neiman

Head of U.S. Commercial
*Flatiron Health
Onyx Pharmaceuticals
Genentech*



Scott Samuels, Esq.

SVP, General Counsel
*ARIAD
Mintz Levin*



Todd Yancey, M.D.

SVP, Global Medical Affairs & New
Market Development
*BioMarin, Medivation
Clovis Oncology, Onyx*



**Guillaume Vignon,
Ph.D.**

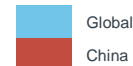
SVP, Business
Development
Merck



BeiGene

BeiGene Product Portfolio and Pipeline

Three marketed products in China, three late-stage assets, seven early-stage clinical assets



ASSETS		PROGRAMS	DOSE ESC.	DOSE EXPANSION		PIVOTAL		FILED	COMMERCIAL RIGHTS	
			PH1a	PH1b	PH2*	PH2**	PH3			
Internally Developed	zanubrutinib (BTK)	monotherapy	R/R MCL, R/R CLL/SLL (NDAs accepted)						Global	
			R/R WM							
		+ GAZYVA® (CD20)	WM, 1L CLL/SLL, R/R CLL/SLL							
			R/R MZL							
	tislelizumab (PD-1)	monotherapy	R/R FL						Global	
			R/R cHL, 2L+ UC (NDAs accepted)							
			2L NSCLC, 1L HCC, 2L ESCC							
			2L/3L HCC							
		+ chemo	R/R NK/T-cell lymphoma							
			1L Sq. NSCLC, 1L Non-Sq. NSCLC, 1L NPC, 1L SCLC							
		+ pamiparib (PARP)	1L GC, 1L ESCC							
			Solid tumors							
	pamiparib (PARP)	monotherapy	B-cell malignancies						Global	
			1L platinum-sensitive GC maintenance							
			2L platinum-sensitive OC maintenance							
			3L gBRCA+ OC							
+ TMZ (chemo)		Solid tumors								
		Glioblastoma								
lifirafenib (RAF Dimer)	monotherapy	B-Raf- or K-RAS/N-RAS-mutated solid tumors						Global		
		B-Raf- or K-RAS/N-RAS-mutated solid tumors								
	BGB-A333 (PD-L1)	monotherapy & + tislelizumab	Solid tumors						Global	
	BGB-A425 (TIM-3)	monotherapy & + tislelizumab	Solid tumors						Global	
Collaborations	REVLIMID®	(IMiD)	R/R MM (marketed), NDMM (marketed), R/R NHL (Ph3)						China	
	ABRAXANE®	(albumin-bound paclitaxel)	Breast cancer (marketed), Metastatic pancreatic cancer (filed)						China	
	VIDAZA®	(hypomethylating agent)	MDS, AML with 20-30% bone marrow blasts, CMML (marketed)						China	
	sitravatinib	(multi-kinase inhibitor) ¹	NSCLC, RCC, OC, Melanoma, HCC/GEJ						Asia ex-Japan, NZ, AU	
	ZW25	(bispecific HER2 antibody) ²	Planned (in Ph2 ex-China by Zymeworks)						Asia ex-Japan, NZ, AU	
	ZW49	(bispecific anti-HER2 ADC) ²	Planned (in Ph1 ex-China by Zymeworks)						Asia ex-Japan, NZ, AU	
	avadomide	(CC-122, CELMoD)	Planned (in Ph1b ex-China by Celgene)						China	

*Some indications will not require a non-pivotal Ph2 clinical trial prior to beginning pivotal Ph2 or Ph3 clinical trials. **Confirmatory clinical trials post approval are required for accelerated approvals. ***REVLIMID® approved as a combination therapy with dexamethasone. 1.Collaboration with Mirati Therapeutics, Inc; APAC study; 2. Collaboration with Zymeworks

Two Late-Stage Assets Represent Significant Commercial Opportunities








	zanubrutinib Potentially Best-in-Class BTK Inhibitor	tislelizumab PD-1 Inhibitor Targeting Asia-Prevalent Tumors
CLASS REVENUE & FORECAST**	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2018 Global: \$4.2 Bn 2025E Global: \$13.8 Bn 2025E China: \$1.3 Bn 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2018 Global^: \$15.5 Bn 2025E Global^: \$57.4 Bn 2025E China^: \$12.1 Bn
KEY TARGET INDICATIONS	Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma, Waldenstrom's Macroglobulinemia, Mantle Cell Lymphoma, Follicular Lymphoma, Marginal Zone Lymphoma	Lung, liver, gastric, and esophageal cancers, classical Hodgkin's lymphoma, urothelial carcinoma, nasopharyngeal
CLINICAL DATA*	<div>86-patient R/R MCL¹</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 84% ORR 59% CR <div>73-patient WM²</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 92% ORR, 82% MRR 41% VGPR <div>91-patient R/R CLL/SLL³</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 85% ORR 5% CR 	<div>70-patient China pivotal Ph2 R/R cHL⁴</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 87% ORR 63% CR <div>104-patient China pivotal Ph2 2L+ UC⁵</div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 23% ORR 8% CR
FILING PROGRESS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NDAs for R/R MCL and R/R CLL/SLL accepted by NMPA Priority review status granted to NDAs in R/R MCL and R/R CLL/SLL Fast Track in WM and Breakthrough Therapy in MCL by U.S. FDA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> NDAs for cHL and UC in China accepted by NMPA Priority review granted by NMPA

1. ICML 2019 Song et. al.; 2. EHA 2019 Trotman et. al.; 3. ICML 2019 Xu et. al.; 4. EHA 2019 Song et. al. 5. China pivotal Phase 2 trial, BeiGene press release May 30, 2019. *All data are from independent review committee (IRC) assessment. **Frost&Sullivan analysis; RMB:USD conversion: 6.5:1. ^For PD-1 & PD-L1 class; BTK: Bruton's Tyrosine Kinase; cHL: Classical Hodgkin's Lymphoma; CLL/SLL: Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma; CR: Complete Response; FL: Follicular Lymphoma; f/u: Median follow up time; MCL: Mantle Cell Lymphoma; MZL: Marginal Zone Lymphoma; MRR: Major Response Rate; NDA: New Drug Application; NMPA: National Medical Products Administration; ORR: Overall Response Rate; PD-1: Programmed Cell Death-1; R/R: Relapsed/Refractory; UC: Urothelial Carcinoma; VGPR: Very Good Partial Response; WM: Waldenstrom's Macroglobulinemia; R/R: Relapsed / Refractory.

Zanubrutinib Broad Clinical Development Program

Eight ongoing potentially registration-enabling studies

MCL	Pivotal Phase 2 (n=86) in R/R MCL zanu monotherapy, PE: ORR Initiated: Mar 2017, Enrollment complete: Sep 2017	Phase 3 (n=500) in 1L MCL R+zanu vs. R+chemo, PE: PFS Initiated: TBD	Phase 1 cohort (n=45) in MCL zanu monotherapy, PE: Safety RP2D Initiated: Aug 2014
WM	Phase 3 (n=229) in WM (ASPEN) zanu vs. ibrutinib, PE: VGPR/CR, Initiated: Jan 2017, Enrollment complete: Jul 2018	Pivotal Phase 2 (n=44) in R/R WM zanu monotherapy, PE: MRR Initiated: Aug 2017, Enrollment complete: May 2018	Phase 1 (n=73) in WM zanu monotherapy, PE: Safety, RP2D Initiated: Aug 2014, Enrollment complete: July 2018
CLL/SLL	Pivotal Phase 2 (n=91) in R/R CLL/SLL zanu monotherapy, PE: ORR Initiated: Mar 2017, Enrollment complete: Dec 2017	Phase 3 ¹ (n=550) in 1L CLL/SLL (SEQUOIA) zanu vs. BR, PE: PFS, Initiated: Nov 2017, Enrollment complete ² : Aug 2019	Phase 3 (n=400) in R/R CLL/SLL (ALPINE) zanu vs. ibrutinib, PE: ORR Initiated: Nov 2018
	Phase 1 cohort (n=69) in CLL/SLL zanu monotherapy, PE: Safety RP2D Initiated: Aug 2014		
FL	Pivotal phase 2 (n=210) in R/R FL Obinutuzumab ± zanu, PE: ORR Initiated: Nov 2017	MZL	Phase 2 ² (n=65) in R/R MZL zanu monotherapy, PE: ORR Initiated: Feb 2019
			Phase 1b: zanu + ME-401, in B-cell malignancies
DLBCL	Phase 2: Monotherapy, R/R Non-GCB DLBCL	Phase 1b/2: zanu + tislelizumab, B-cell malignancies	Phase 1b: zanu + obinutuzumab, R/R CLL
	Phase 1b: zanu + Revlimid, R/R DLBCL	Phase 1b: zanu + R-chemo, 1L and 2L DLBCL	Phase 2: zanu / venetoclax / obinutuzumab in 1L CLL (MSKCC study)
		CLL Combination	Phase 2: zanu / venetoclax / obinutuzumab in 1L CLL (GCLLSG study)








-  Filed, In NDA review
-  Enrollment Complete
-  Enrolling
-  Planned
-  Filed or potentially registrational
-  China
-  Global

¹Time of the announcement of the enrollment completion; 1L: First Line; CLL/SLL: Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma; CR: Complete Response; DLBCL: Diffuse Large B-Cell Lymphoma; FL: Follicular Lymphoma; GCB: Germinal Center B-cell-like; MCL: Mantle Cell Lymphoma; MRR: Major Response Rate; MZL: Marginal Zone Lymphoma; NHL: Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma; ORR: Overall Response Rate; PCNSL: Primary Central Nervous System Lymphoma; PE: Primary endpoint; PFS: Progression-Free Survival; RP2D: Recommended Phase 2 Dose; R/R: Relapsed / Refractory; RT: Richter's Transformation; VGPR: Very Good Partial Response; WM: Waldenstrom's Macroglobulinemia. 1. Cohort 2 of 17p del patients completed enrollment. 2. global trial and potentially registration-enabling in certain countries.

Tislelizumab Broad Late-stage Development Program

Fifteen ongoing potentially registration-enabling studies

Lung	Phase 3 (n=800) in 2L NSCLC tislelizumab vs. docetaxel, PE: OS Initiated: Nov 2017	Phase 3 (n=360) in 1L Stage IIIB or IV squamous NSCLC tislelizumab+ paclitaxel and carboplatin combo or nab-paclitaxel and carboplatin combo vs. paclitaxel and carboplatin combo, PE: PFS Initiated: Aug 2018, Enrollment complete^: Aug 2019
	Phase 3 (n=320) in 1L Stage IIIB or IV non-squamous NSCLC tislelizumab+ chemo (platinum-pemetrexed) vs. chemo, PE: PFS Initiated: Jul 2018, Enrollment complete^: Aug 2019	Phase 3 (n=364) in 1L SCLC Tislelizumab+ chemo (Carboplatin/Cisplatin, Etoposide) vs. placebo + chemo, PE: PFS, OS Initiated: July 2019
HCC	Phase 3 (n=640) in 1L HCC tislelizumab vs. sorafenib, PE: OS Initiated: Jan 2018	Phase 2 (n=225) in 2L/3L HCC tislelizumab monotherapy, PE: ORR by IRC Initiated: Apr 2018, Enrollment complete^: Feb 2019
ESCC	Phase 3 (n=450) in 2L ESCC tislelizumab vs. single-agent chemo (paclitaxel, docetaxel, or irinotecan), PE: OS Initiated: Jan 2018	Phase 3 (n=480) in 1L advanced ESCC tislelizumab or placebo + platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based chemo, Co-PE: PFS and OS Initiated: Dec 2018
	Phase 3 (n=316) in localized ESCC tislelizumab + chemoradiotherapy vs chemoradiotherapy, PE: OS Initiated: May 2019	GC Phase 3 (n=720) in 1L advanced GC tislelizumab or placebo + platinum- and fluoropyrimidine-based chemo, Co-PE: PFS and OS Initiated: Dec 2018
UC	Pivotal phase 2 (n=110) in 2L UC tislelizumab monotherapy, PE: ORR, Initiated: Jul 2017, Enrollment complete: Aug 2018, NDA accepted May 2019	Phase 3 (n=420) in 1L UC tislelizumab + chemo (cisplatin + carboplatin + gemcitabine) vs placebo + chemo PE: OS Initiated: May 2019
CHL	Pivotal phase 2 (n=70) in R/R cHL tislelizumab monotherapy, PE: ORR Initiated: Apr 2017, Enrollment complete: Nov 2017, NDA accepted in Aug 2018	R/R NK/T-cell lymphomas Phase 2 (n=90) in 1L R/R Mature T- and NK- Neoplasms tislelizumab monotherapy, PE: ORR Initiated: Apr 2018
MSI-H or dMMR solid tumors	Pivotal phase 2 (n=60) in MSI-H or dMMR solid tumors tislelizumab monotherapy, PE: ORR Initiated: Sep 2018	NPC Phase 3 (n=256) in 1L tislelizumab + chemo (gemcitabine plus cisplatin) vs. placebo + chemo PE: PFS Initiated: Apr 2019

-  Filed, In NDA review
-  Enrollment Complete
-  Enrolling
-  Planned
-  Filed or potentially registrational
-  China
-  Global

^Time of the announcement of the enrollment completion; *Tislelizumab dosage 200mg every three weeks, Q3W, Global Ph2 in R/R NK/T-cell lymphoma and Ph2 trial in MSI-H or dMMR solid tumors in China are potentially registration-enabling trials. 1/2L: First/Second Line; cCRT: concurrent chemoradiotherapy; cHL: Classical Hodgkin's Lymphoma; ESCC: Esophageal Squamous-Cell Carcinoma; GC: Gastric Cancer; HCC: Hepatocellular Carcinoma; IRC: Independent Review Committee; ITT: Intent-to-treat; MSI-H or dMMR: Microsatellite Instability High or Deficient Mismatch Repair; NDA: New Drug Application; NK: Natural Killer; NSCLC: Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer; ORR: Overall response rate; OS: Overall survival; PE: Primary Endpoint; PFS: Progression-free survival; R/R: Relapsed / Refractory; UC: Urothelial Carcinoma;

Other Clinical-Stage Drug Candidates and Internal Combinations

ROBUST PIPELINE BEYOND BTK AND PD-1	
pamiparib (PARP1&2 Inhibitor)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Late stage studies in ovarian cancer in China Combination studies with temozolomide
sitravatinib¹ (Multi-Kinase Inhibitor)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Combination with tislelizumab initiated In-licensed from Mirati, rights in Asia ex-Japan, AU, NZ
lifirafenib (Raf Dimer Inhibitor)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clinical activity observed in RAS-mutated cancers including NSCLC and endometrial cancer Global clinical trial collaboration with SpringWorks for combination with MEK inhibitor
ZW25² (Bispecific HER2 Antibody)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In-licensed from Zymeworks, rights in Asia ex-Japan, AU, NZ Designed to provide dual HER2 signaling blockade by binding to epitopes for Herceptin and Perjeta
ZW49² (Bispecific HER2 ADC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In-licensed from Zymeworks, rights in Asia ex-Japan, AU, NZ Designed to bind two non-overlapping epitopes of HER2 to maximize internalization and delivery of payload
BGB-A333 (PD-L1 Antibody)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ph1 trial testing the monotherapy and the combination with tislelizumab
BGB-A425 (TIM-3 Antibody)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ph1 testing the combination with tislelizumab
avadoimide (CELMoD [CC-122])	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In-licensed from Celgene, rights in China

Global China

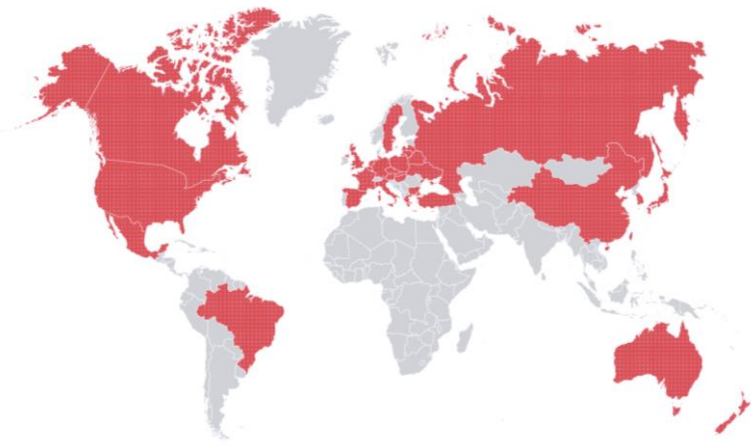
INDICATIONS	DOSE ESC.	DOSE EXPANSION	
	PH1a	PH1b	PH2*
HCC or GEJ	tislelizumab + sitravatinib**		
NSCLC, RCC, OC, melanoma	tislelizumab + sitravatinib**		
Solid tumors	lifirafenib + PD-0325901 (MEK inhibitor, SpringWorks)		
B-cell malignancies	Planned: zanubrutinib + ME401 (PI3K delta inhibitor, MEI Pharma)		
Solid tumors	tislelizumab + BGB-A333 (PD-L1)		
Solid tumors	tislelizumab + BGB-A425 (TIM-3)		
B-cell malignancies	tislelizumab + zanubrutinib		
Solid tumors	tislelizumab + pamiparib		

*Some indications will not require a non-pivotal Ph2 clinical trial prior to beginning pivotal Ph2 or 3 clinical trials; confirmatory clinical trials post-approval are required for accelerated approvals.

**Clinical trials in Asia Pacific regions; 1. Collaboration with Mirati Therapeutics, Inc., 2. Collaboration with Zymeworks; GEJ: gastroesophageal junction cancer.

Leverage China to Pursue Global Excellence

BeiGene Is Becoming a Leader in China-Inclusive Global Clinical-Development

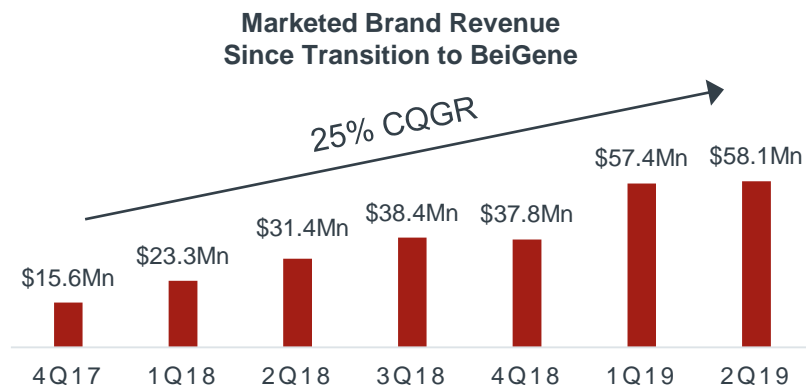


 Countries with BeiGene clinical trial sites

- In-house research capability with a team of approximately 300; all three late-stage clinical assets were discovered by BeiGene scientists with potentially differentiating profiles
- Additional new targets and potentially first-in-class candidates in earlier stages of development
- Clinical team of over **1,000**, with **over 50%** in China and remainder in US, EU, AU; **Largest oncology-focused** clinical development team in China
- Initiated **6** China-inclusive global pivotal studies; **26** pivotal trials or potentially registration-enabling trials ongoing
- **60+** ongoing or planned clinical trials in China and globally with **7,000+** patients and healthy subjects enrolled
- Regulatory interactions and monitoring from **20+** countries

Building Oncology-Focused Commercial Footprint in China and Establishing a Presence in the U.S.

Marketed product growth and commercial team expansion in China; Building a 100-200-person hematology commercial team in the U.S.

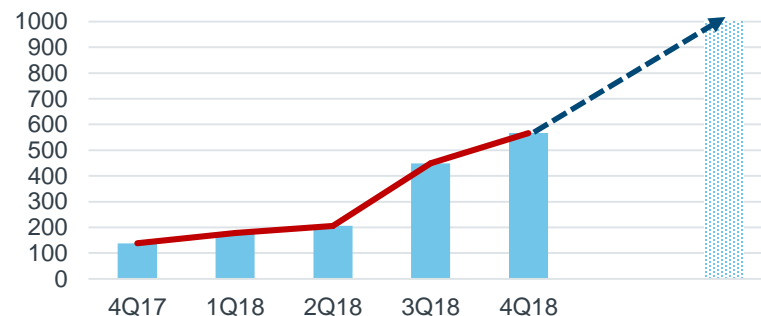


Abraxane
(nanoparticle albumin-bound paclitaxel)

Revlimid
(lenalidomide) capsules

vidaza
azacitidine for injection

A growing 600+ top innovative oncology commercial team targeting to cover 800 – 1,000 hospitals in China¹



Xiaobin Wu, Ph.D.
GM of China, President
Pfizer
Wyeth
Bayer



Anita Wu
Chief Commercial
Officer, Greater China
Sanofi
AstraZeneca



Lily Liu
VP, Head of Marketing,
Greater China
Takeda
Pfizer



Josh Neiman
Head, U.S. Commercial
Flatiron
Onyx Pharmaceuticals
Genentech

¹ As of December 31, 2018

Developing Strong Manufacturing Capabilities



MULTI-FUNCTIONAL MANUFACTURING FACILITY IN SUZHOU, CHINA

- Manufacturing collaborations with leading high-quality manufacturers in **biologics** and **small molecules**
- **BI collaboration** established in 2013; cell line and CMC process for tislelizumab developed by BI
- Commercial scale 2,000L at BI's Shanghai **expandable** facility



BIOLOGICS MANUFACTURING FACILITY IN GUANGZHOU (UNDER CONSTRUCTION)

- Aligned with the design criteria of **US, EU and China**
- Total area of 9,000 square meters
- **Commercial-scale small molecule drug products facility**, ~100M pills annual capacity
- **Pilot-scale biologic facility** at 500L scale



EXPERIENCED HIGH-QUALITY MANUFACTURING PARTNERS

- Joint venture with **Guangzhou Development District**
- Investment of **\$300+ million** -- mostly from external funding but BeiGene retains majority equity ownership
- **100,000 square meter** manufacturing site; **24,000-liter** commercial-scale biologics manufacturing facility
- First phase of the manufacturing plant to be completed in 2019



**William Novotny, Advisor,
Technical Operations**
BMS, *VP and Global Lead in Supply Chain*
Merck, *AVP in Global Supply Chain Management and Product Operations*



**Zhengming Du, Ph.D. Head
of Chemistry Manufacturing
& Control (CMC)**
Roche China, *Head of Process and Synthesis,
Deputy Head of CMC*



**Jonathan Liu, Ph.D.
SVP, Bio-Manufacturing**
J&J, *Head of China Pharmaceutical Development and Manufacturing Sciences*



**Michael Garvey
VP, Head of Guangzhou
Biologics Manufacturing**
Samsung Biologics,
VP of Manufacturing



BeiGene

China Is Becoming an Important Clinical Science Center, Representing a Historic Opportunity

BeiGene is well-positioned within this ecosystem



NMPA reforms expand China's role in global development

- NMPA reforms have removed delays, allowing China to participate in early drug development and to contribute significantly to global pivotal trials
- NMPA joined ICH in June 2017, setting international quality standards for China trials

Bottlenecks today in China

- Limited CRO capability
- Highly limited talent pool
- Data and trials management challenges

Effectively operating in China can significantly enhance global development

- Single biggest time and expense for drug development is trial enrollment
- Adding China significantly accelerates enrollment of global trials
 - China alone had 4.3 million new cancer patients in 2015, as large as the U.S. and EU combined
 - Greater willingness to join clinical trials
- Having access to a large pool of patients can also reduce the average upfront cost in drug development

World-Class Clinical Development Team Positions BeiGene Well to Capture This Opportunity

1,000+ member clinical team

All data and clinical practices are designed to meet global ICH standards

Early mover in simultaneous China-global pivotal trial paradigm and has initiated six dual-purpose trials

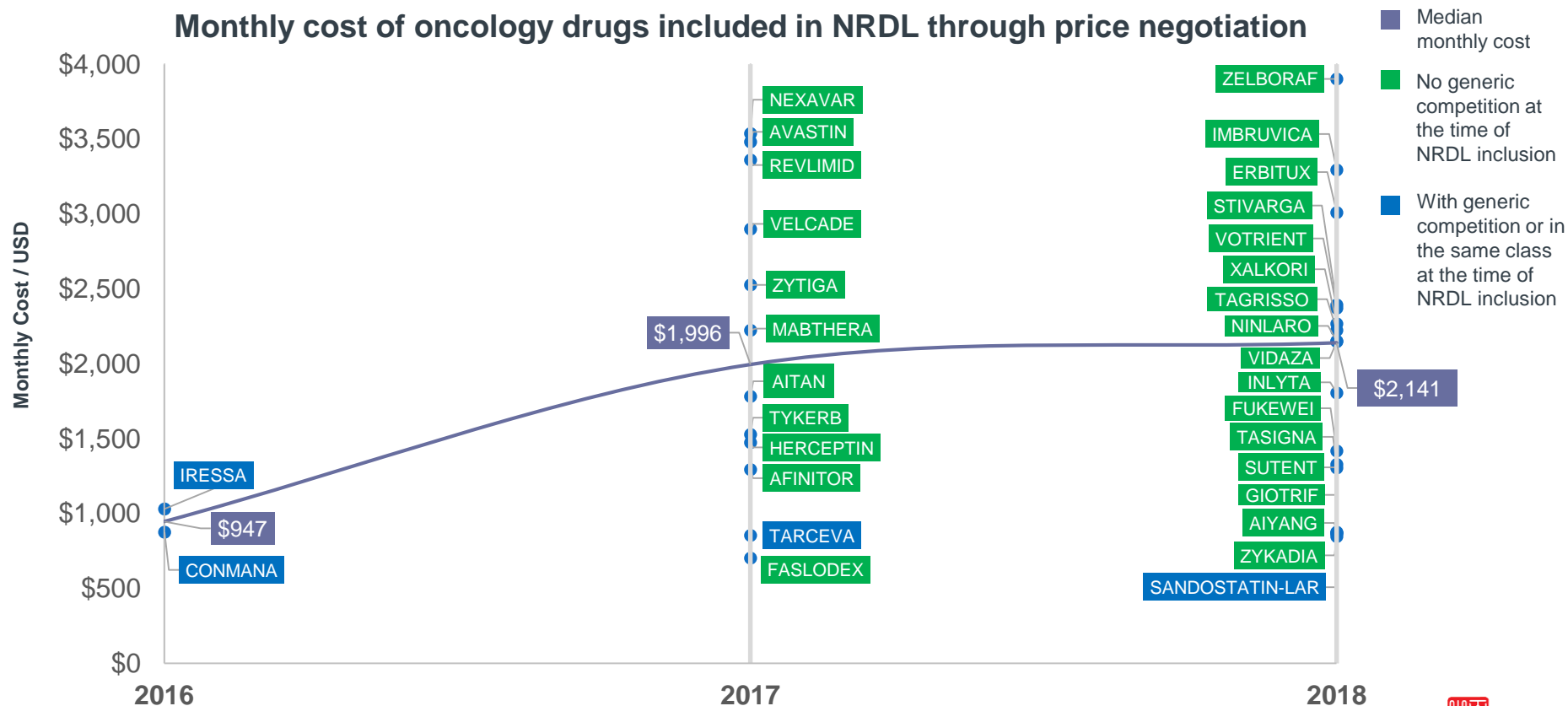


BeiGene

Commercial Transformation in China Facilitates Access

Expanding national reimbursement, at reasonable prices

Monthly cost of oncology drugs included in NRDL through price negotiation



NRDL = National Reimbursement Drug List; USD / RMB := 6.9:1.

China Enables a Model to Succeed in an Evolving Global Environment

BeiGene is uniquely positioned to leverage the large commercial base



Dramatic changes to biopharma industry occurring –
China increasingly key focal point for future



Being able to effectively operate in clinical development in China attracts other U.S. biotech companies to partner with BeiGene, as part of their global development strategy



China enables an alternative model for growth, which is no longer reliant on U.S. pricing



The large commercial base in China allows more affordable pricing which in turn can be leveraged to provide greater access to high quality drugs globally



BeiGene will pursue true global model without sacrificing quality, innovation, or science



Established Collaborations Leverage China Capabilities and Expand Portfolio



Agreement: July 2017
tislelizumab and Celgene
commercial assets in China

- Obtained Celgene's commercial operations and **license to three marketed products** in China
- In June 2019, BeiGene regained full global rights of tislelizumab in advance of the pending acquisition of Celgene / BMS and received \$150M from Celgene



Agreement: Jan. 2018
sitravatinib
(multi-kinase inhibitor including
TAM receptors (TYRO3, Axl,
MER), split receptors (VEGFR2,
KIT) and RET)

- **In-licensed sitravatinib** in Asia (ex-JP) and AU/NZ
- Encouraging results -- 16 PRs and CRs (9 confirmed) in 56 patients -- reported by Mirati in an ongoing Ph2 trial in combination with nivolumab in NSCLC patients who have progressed on checkpoint inhibitor therapy¹



Agreement: Nov. 2018
ZW25 HER2-targeted bispecific
antibody and **ZW49** bispecific
antibody drug conjugate (ADC);
Azymetric™ and **EFFECT™**
platforms

- **In-licensed ZW25 and ZW49** in Asia (ex-JP) and AU/NZ; global research and license agreement for **Azymetric™** and **EFFECT™** platforms
- Areas of high interest (breast and gastric cancers)
- Access to bispecific antibody discovery platform



Agreement: Apr. 2019
CTLA-4 inhibitor



Agreement: Mar. 2019

- **Global collaboration** for co-development, manufacturing and commercialization of conditionally active anti-CTLA-4 antibody BA3071

- **Global R&D collaboration** to utilize Ambrx's Expanded Genetic Code technology



Agreements: Sept. 2018, Jun. 2019
**MEK inhibitor PD-0325901 and
BGB-3245**
(MEK inhibitor synergistic with RAF
inhibition in RAS-mutant solid tumors)

- **Global clinical collaboration** to evaluate in RAS-mutant advanced solid tumors in combination with BeiGene's RAF dimer inhibitor lifirafenib

- **MapKure established** to develop BGB-3245 RAF Kinase Inhibitor



Agreement: Oct. 2018
ME-401
(oral phosphatidylinositol 3-
kinase , PI3K, delta inhibitor)

- **Global clinical collaboration** to evaluate safety and efficacy in B-cell malignancies in combination with zanubrutinib
- MEI will amend its ongoing Phase 1b trial to include evaluation of ME-401 and zanubrutinib combination therapy in patients with B-cell malignancies



Financial Summary

Selected Financials	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2019 (unaudited)	June 30, 2018 (unaudited)	June 30, 2019 (unaudited)	June 30, 2018 (unaudited)
Amounts in thousands of U.S. dollars, except for shares, American Depositary Shares (ADSs), per share and per ADS data)				
Total Revenue	\$ 243,346	\$ 52,804	\$ 321,179	\$ 85,348
Product revenue, net	58,142	31,426	115,563	54,676
Collaboration revenue	185,204	21,378	205,616	30,672
Total Expenses	(329,179)	(215,854)	(580,767)	(359,207)
Cost of sales – products	(17,839)	(6,256)	(33,100)	(10,806)
Research and development	(228,760)	(164,251)	(407,111)	(273,951)
Selling, general and administrative	(82,248)	(45,160)	(139,893)	(74,075)
Net loss attributable to BeiGene, Ltd.	\$ (85,570)	\$ (156,887)	\$ (253,210)	\$ (261,483)
Weighted-average ADSs outstanding, basic and diluted	59,808,392	53,731,299	59,702,869	52,660,468
Net loss per ADS attributable to BeiGene, Ltd, basic and diluted	\$ (1.43)	\$ (2.92)	\$ (4.24)	\$ (4.97)
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash and short-term investments	\$ 1,561,479	\$ 1,401,219	\$ 1,561,479	\$ 1,401,219
Cash used in operations excluding business development	\$46,101*		\$218,076*	

* Includes \$150,000 from Celgene in connection with termination of tislelizumab collaboration

Upcoming Milestones and Catalysts

Zanubrutinib (BTK Inhibitor)		Timing
Approval	▪ Approval in China for MCL and CLL	▪ 1H20
Submission	▪ File sNDA for WM in China	▪ 2019
Submission	▪ NDA filing in the U.S.	▪ 2019 or early 2020
Data	▪ Top-line Phase 3 data of zanubrutinib vs. ibrutinib in WM, ASPEN	▪ 2019
Data	▪ Potential top-line data in Phase 3 of zanubrutinib vs. bendamustine rituximab (BR) in 1L CLL, SEQUOIA	▪ As early as 2020
Data	▪ Updated Phase 1 obinutuzumab combination data in NHL, updated CLL data from global Phase1 trial	▪ 2019
Initiate	▪ Initiate global Phase 3 comparing zanubrutinib + rituximab vs. bendamustine + rituximab in TN MCL	▪ 2019
Tislelizumab (PD-1 Antibody)		
Approval	▪ Approval in China for cHL	▪ 2019
Data +	▪ Global top-line Phase 2 data in HCC and regulatory filing discussions	▪ 2019 or early 2020
Data	▪ Top-line Phase 3 data from China study in 1L Sq NSCLC	▪ 2019 or 2020
Data	▪ Top-line Phase 3 data from China study in 1L Non-Sq NSCLC	▪ 2020
Data	▪ China pivotal Phase 2 data in UC	▪ 2019
Data	▪ Chemotherapy combination data in esophageal and lung cancers from China Ph.2 trials; HCC cohort data from China Ph.1	▪ 2019 or early 2020
Enrollment	▪ Complete enrollment in Phase 3 global study in 1L HCC vs. sorafenib	▪ 2019
Enrollment	▪ Complete enrollment in global portion of Phase 3 study in 2/3L Non-Sq NSCLC vs. docetaxel	▪ 2019 or early 2020
Initiate	▪ Initiate Phase 1/1b in China and Australia of A1217 (TIGIT) with tislelizumab in patients with advanced solid tumors	▪ 2019
Pamiparib (PARP inhibitor)		
Data	▪ Top-line data from China pivotal Phase 2 in 3L+ ovarian cancer	▪ 2020
Data	▪ Top-line data from China Phase 3 comparing pamiparib vs. placebo as maintenance in platinum-sensitive OC	▪ 2020
Data	▪ Ovarian expansion cohort data including (including QD cohort) from global Ph.1 trial presented at a medical conference	▪ 2019
Data	▪ Updated Ph.1 combination data with chemotherapy in solid tumors, and chemotherapy with or without radiation in GBM presented at medical conferences	▪ 2019
Early-stage Assets		
Initiate	▪ Advance at least one additional preclinical compound from internal pipeline into clinic	▪ 2019

Review of Product Candidates

Overview of Zanubrutinib (BGB-3111)

Potentially best-in-class BTK inhibitor



OVERVIEW

- **Optimized pharmacologic properties relative to ibrutinib: superior bioavailability and higher selectivity**
- **Development hypothesis: more complete target inhibition, deeper responses, and favorable safety profile**



CLINICAL DATA

- More than 1,450¹ patients enrolled across trials, including combinations
- **Clinical experience to date supports best-in-class hypothesis**
 - Strong suggestion of deeper responses in WM and MCL
 - Favorable response rate, depth, and durability in CLL/SLL
 - High overall and complete response rates in FL with obinutuzumab combination
 - Low rate of toxicity/tolerability-related discontinuation



DEVELOPMENT PLAN

- Fast Track in WM and Breakthrough Therapy in MCL designations by FDA
- Global registrational trials: WM (H2H vs. ibrutinib, enrollment completed), 1L CLL/SLL (vs. BR), R/R CLL/SLL (vs. ibrutinib), FL (potential for global first-in-class BTK approval in FL); and R/R MZL (global pivotal phase 2 trial)
- China registration trials: accelerated approval trials for MCL (filed), CLL/SLL (filed), and WM (enrollment completed)



MILESTONES AND STATUS

- **Submitted NDAs in China for MCL and CLL/SLL (acceptance announced on August 26, 2018 and October 24, 2018; priority review granted to NDA in MCL announced on November 15, 2018, in CLL/SLL in January 14, 2019)**
- Presented MYD88^{WT} cohort from Ph3 WM trial and update Phase 1 WM data at EHA
- Presented updated Ph2 data in MCL at 15-ICML
- Presented updated Ph2 data in CLL at 15-ICML

¹ As of August 7, 2019.



Zanubrutinib Clinical Program

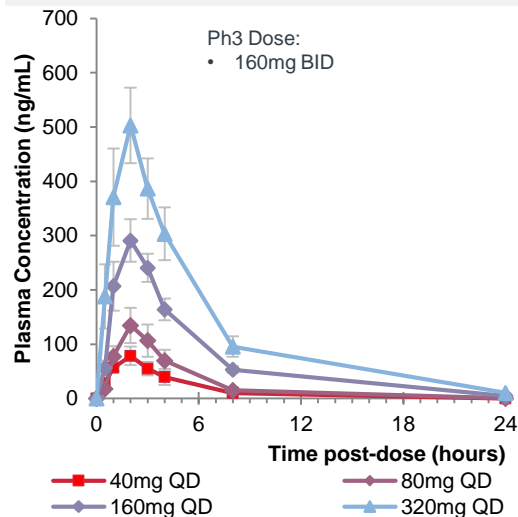
							Global	China
PROGRAM (TARGET)	DOSE ESCALATION		DOSE EXPANSION		PIVOTAL		FILED	
	PH1a	PH1b	PH2*	PH2**	PH3			
zanubrutinib (BGB-3111, BTK)	R/R CLL/SLL (NDA Accepted)							
	R/R MCL (NDA accepted)							
	WM: zanubrutinib vs. ibrutinib, ASPEN							
	TN CLL/SLL: zanubrutinib vs. BR, SEQUOIA							
	R/R CLL/SLL: zanubrutinib vs. ibrutinib, ALPINE							
	Planned: 1L MCL: zanubrutinib + R vs. BR							
	R/R MZL ⁴							
	R/R WM							
	R/R DLBCL							
	B-cell malignancies							
+ GAZYVA® (CD20)	R/R FL: zanubrutinib + GAZYVA® vs. GAZYVA®							
	B-cell malignancies							
+ GAZYVA® + venetoclax (CD20 + BCL2)	TN CLL/SLL							
+ tislelizumab (PD-1)	Hematological tumors							
+ ME-401 (PI3K delta)	R/R CLL/SLL or B-cell malignancies							

More than 1,450 patients³ treated with zanubrutinib across program, including combination trials.

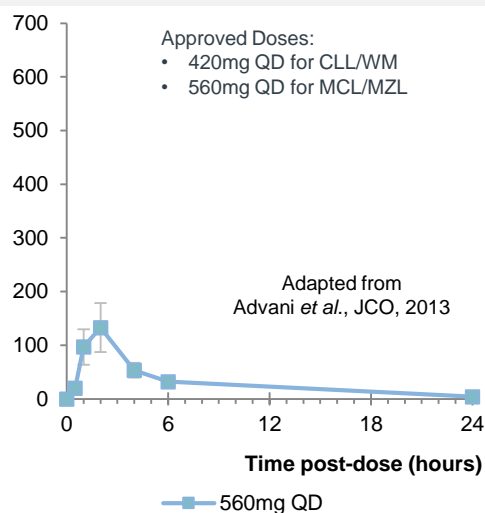
1. Some indications will not require a non-pivotal Ph2 clinical trial prior to beginning pivotal Ph2 or Ph3 clinical trials. 2. Confirmatory clinical trials post approval are required for accelerated approvals.
3. as of August 7, 2019. 4. global study and potentially registration-enabling in certain countries; DLBCL: Diffuse Large B-cell Lymphoma

Zanubrutinib – Pharmacokinetics Profile

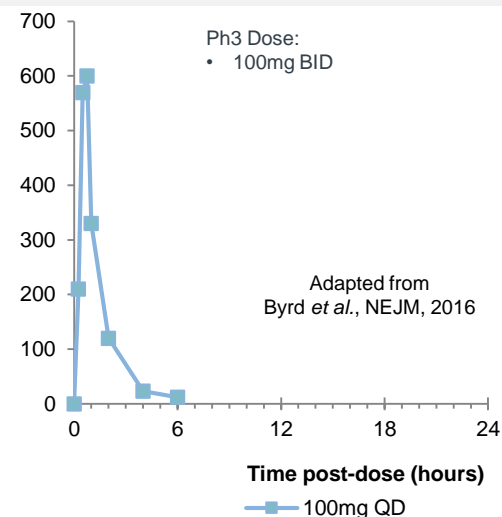
zanubrutinib



ibrutinib



acalabrutinib



- Cmax and AUC of zanubrutinib at 80mg QD appear to be similar to those of ibrutinib at 560mg
- Free drug exposure of zanubrutinib at 40mg QD appears to be comparable to that of ibrutinib at 560mg
- Distinct profile compared to acalabrutinib which has a short half-life (1 hour)² and lower *in vitro* BTK inhibition IC50¹⁻⁴
- *In vitro* BTK inhibition IC50 relative to ibrutinib: 1.11 (zanubrutinib) and 3.42–7.23 (acalabrutinib)

^Cross-trial comparison

Source: 1. Tam *et al.*, ASH, 2015; 2. Byrd *et al.*, NEJM, 2016; 3. Lannutti *et al.*, AACR, 2015; 4. BeiGene data



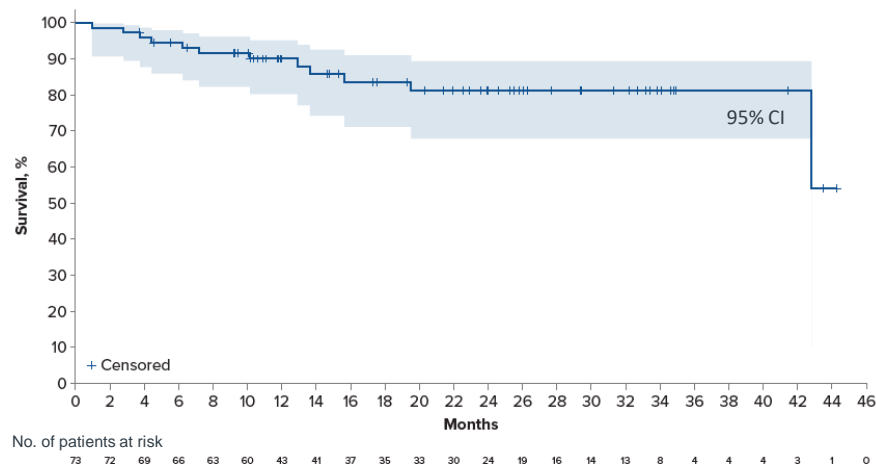
Zanubrutinib Efficacy in WM

Favorable response depth and durability

Overall Response Rate (ORR)

Best Response in WM	zanubrutinib		
	Overall	TN	RR
Evaluable for efficacy, n	73	24	49
Median Follow-up	23.9 mo	12.3 mo	24.8 mo
Response Criteria	Mod. 6 th IWWM (IgM decreases only, and not extramedullary disease)		
Median Prior Lines of Therapy	0		
ORR	92%	96%	90%
MRR	82%	87%	78%
CR/VGPR ¹	42%	29%	49%
PR	40%	58%	31%

Progression Free Survival (PFS)



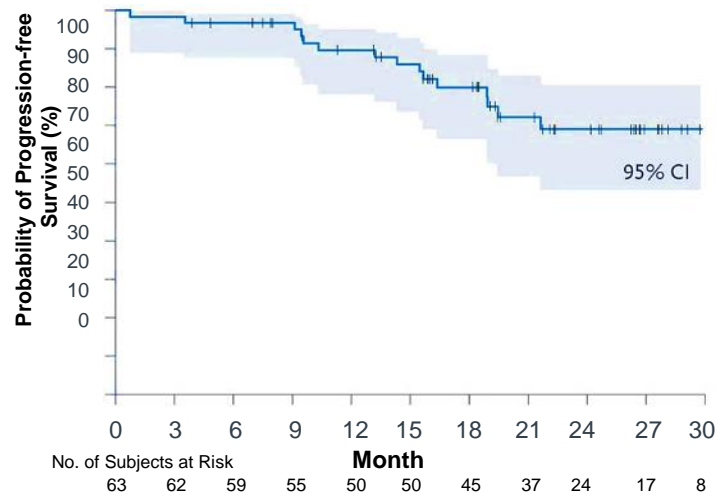
1 One R/R patient achieved a CR, TN: treatment naïve; RR: relapsed refractory; Data cutoff 16 September 2018. Source: Trotman et al. EHA 2019

Ibrutinib Efficacy in WM

Overall Response Rate (ORR)

Best Response in WM	ibrutinib
Enrolled, n	63
Median Time-on-Treatment	19.1 months
Response Criteria	Modified 3 rd IWWM (IgM only)
Median Prior Lines of Tx	2 (1-9)
ORR, n (%)	57 (90%)
MRR	46 (73%)
VGPR	10 (16%)
Median IgM Reduction (g/L)	35.2 to 8.8 (75%)
Median Hb Change (g/dl)	10.5 to 13.8

Progression Free Survival (PFS)



Zanubrutinib MYD88^{WT} Data from Phase 3 Cohort 2 and Phase 1 Suggest Activity in Difficult-to-Treat WM Patients

Best response, n (%)	Phase 3 cohort 2 ¹ (n=26)	Phase 1 ² (n=8)
EHA 2019		
ORR	21 (80.8)	7(87.5)
MRR	14 (53.8)	5(62.5)
CR / VGPR	6 (23.1) ^{a,b}	2(25.0)
PR	8 (30.8)	3(37.5)
MR	7 (26.9)	2(25.0)
SD	4 (15.4)	1(12.5)
PD	1 (3.8)	0
Study follow-up time, median (range)		
Months	12.2 (2.3 - 21.7)	24.3 (4.1-45.7)*

Phase 1 safety summary for full WM n=77 cohort. Patients with an event n (%): Patients with ≥1 AE grade ≥3 40 (51.9); Patients with ≥1 serious AE 36¹ (46.8); AE leading to treatment discontinuation 8² (10.4); Fatal AE 5c (6.5). ¹Includes serious AEs possibly related to zanubrutinib (n=6): hemothorax+pleural effusion+anemia (n=1), atrial fibrillation (n=1), colitis (n=1), febrile neutropenia (n=1), pneumonia (n=1), and cellulitis (n=1); septic arthritis relatedness was unknown. ²Abdominal sepsis (fatal), septic arthritis (fatal), worsening bronchiectasis (fatal), gastric adenocarcinoma (fatal), prostate adenocarcinoma, metastatic neuroendocrine carcinoma, acute myeloid leukemia, and breast cancer (each n=1).

^aOne patient achieved IgM complete response (normalized IgM and negative immunofixation since Cycle 11, with bulky extramedullary disease improving).

^bIncluding the patient who had CXCR4 frameshift mutation. 1 Dimopoulos et. al. EHA 2019, Data cut: Feb 28, 2019, Safety summary below; 2 Tam et al, EHA 2019; * Follow up for full WM cohort.



BeiGene

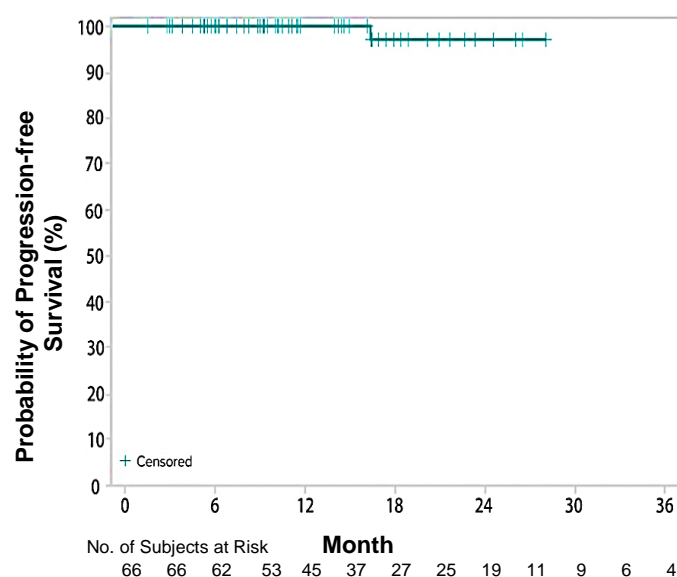
Zanubrutinib Efficacy in CLL/SLL

Frequent and durable responses

Overall Response Rate (ORR)

zanubrutinib	TN CLL	R/R CLL	Total CLL
n	16	50	66
Median follow-up (mo)	7.6	14.0	10.5
Best Response			
ORR	16 (100%)	46 (92%)	62 (94%)
CR	1 (6%)	1 (2%)	2 (3%)
PR	13 (81%)	41 (82%)	54 (82%)
PR-L	2 (13%)	4 (8%)	6 (9%)
SD	0	3 (6%)	3 (5%)
Non-evaluable*	0	1 (2%)	1 (2%)

Progression Free Survival (PFS)



*Discontinuation prior to first assessment
Source: Seymour et al. 14-ICML 2017 (abstract 237) poster

Ibrutinib Efficacy in CLL/SLL

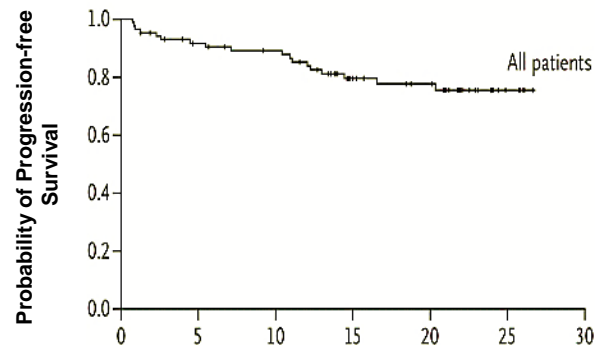
Overall Response Rate (Relapsed / Refractory)

n	85
Median FU (mo)	20.9
Best Response	
ORR	75 (88%)
CR	2 (2%)
PR	58 (68%)
PR-L	15 (18%)
SD	NR
PD	NR

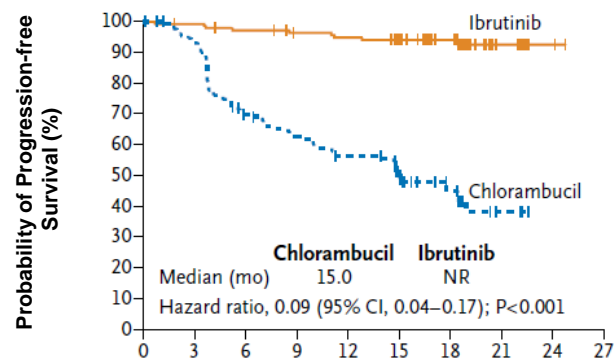
Overall Response Rate (Treatment-Naïve)

n	136
Median FU (mo)	18.4
Best Response	
ORR	117 (86%)
CR	5 (4%)
PR	107 (79%)
PR-L	5 (4%)
SD	NR
PD	NR

Progression Free Survival (Relapsed / Refractory)



Progression Free Survival (Treatment-Naïve)



Ibrutinib

Discontinuation for toxicity or progression in CLL/SLL

	Treatment-Naïve (n=80)	Relapsed/Refractory (n=536)	Total (n=616)
Median Follow-Up	14.5 months		
Total Treatment Discontinuation	19 (24%)	231 (43%)	250 (41%)
<i>Toxicity/Tolerability</i>	<i>12 (15%)</i>	<i>117 (22%)</i>	<i>129 (21%)</i>
<i>CLL/SLL Progression</i>	<i>3 (4%)</i>	<i>49 (9%)</i>	<i>52 (8%)</i>
<i>Transformation (RT or HD)</i>	<i>0 (0%)</i>	<i>10 (2%)</i>	<i>10 (2%)</i>
Death Unrelated to Treatment	1 (1%)	28 (5%)	29 (5%)
Physician or Patient Decision	2 (2%)	15 (3%)	17 (3%)
Transplant	0 (0%)	8 (1.5%)	8 (1%)
Financial Concerns	0 (0%)	1 (0.2%)	1 (0.2%)
Secondary Malignancy	1 (1%)	2 (0.5%)	3 (0.5%)

Source: Mato ASH 2016

Note: at med follow-up 24.5 mos, 22% discontinuation rate with acalabrutinib in R/R CLL; 9% AE-related, 8% PD-related. Byrd ASH 2017.

Zanubrutinib

Discontinuation for toxicity or progression in CLL/SLL is uncommon

	Treatment-Naïve (n=18)	Relapsed/Refractory (n=51)	Total (n=69)
Median Follow-Up	10.3 months		
Total Treatment D/C	0 (0%)	2 (4%)	2 (3%)
Toxicity/Tolerability	0 (0%)	1 (2%)	1 (1%)
CLL/SLL Progression	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Transformation (RT or HD)	0 (0%)	1 (2%)	1 (1%)

Zanubrutinib

Safety and tolerability summary; Over 600-patient experience

Adverse Events of Interest for BTK Inhibitors in Patients Treated with Zanubrutinib

AE of Interest (All Causes) ¹	Zanubrutinib (Including Patients Enrolled in Combo Studies)
Patient Number	N=641
Mean Exposure Time	7.7 mo
Atrial Fibrillation	1.7%
Major Hemorrhage	1.9%

AE of Interest (All Causes) ²	Zanubrutinib (Single Agent Only)
Patient Number	N=682
Median Exposure Time	13.4 mo
Atrial Fibrillation (Gr ≥3)	1.9% (0.6%)
Major Hemorrhage*	2.5% (2.1%)
Diarrhea (Gr ≥3)	19.4% (0.9%)

- Very low rates of headache and hypertension (6.7% and 6.3%)
- Concomitant use of anti-coagulants was allowed in these zanubrutinib trials
- Low rate of treatment discontinuation for drug-related adverse events

Major hemorrhage includes serious or grade ≥3 bleeding of any site, or central nervous system bleeding of any grade.

Source: pooled safety analysis of ongoing zanubrutinib clinical trials; 1 Seymour, ICML 2017; 2 Tam et, al., EHA 2019 (Data cut-off dates: BGB-3111-207: Sept 2018; BGB-3111 AU-003, -1002, -205 and 210: Dec 2018; BGB-3111-206: Feb 2019)

Zanubrutinib Responses Across Additional B-Cell Malignancies

	MZL	MCL	MCL	FL	FL	DLBCL
Source	ASH 2017 ¹	ICML 2019 ³	China pivotal data ASH2018 ²	ASH 2017 ¹	CSCO 2018 ⁴	ASH 2017 ¹
n	9	48	85	17	26	26
Follow-up (med)	7.0 mo	16.7 mo	35.9 wk	7.8 mo	9.5 mo	4.2 mo
Prior Lines (med)	2 (1-8)	1 (1-4)	2 (1-4)	2 (1-8)	3 (1-9)	2 (1-10)
ORR	78%	85%	84%	41%	42%	31%
CR	0	29%*	59%**	18%	8%	15%
VGPR	--	--	--	--	--	--
PR/PR-L	78%	56%	25%	24%	35%	15%
MR	--	--	--	--	--	--

- Despite relatively early follow-up, responses were observed in multiple B-cell malignancies
- Consistency across tumor types suggests that zanubrutinib is a highly active BTK inhibitor

* CT response assessment; ** PET-CT response assessment. Source: 1. Tam et. al., ASH 2017; 2. Song et al., ICML 2019; 3. Tam et al., ICML 2019; 4. Song et. al., CSCO 2018

Zanubrutinib Plus Obinutuzumab Combination in Follicular Lymphoma

<i>Data from separate trials</i>					
FL	Zanubrutinib + Obinutuzumab	Zanubrutinib	Ibrutinib	Obinutuzumab	Idelalisib
Source	ICML 2019 ¹	ASH 2017 ²	ASH 2016 ³	JCO 2013 ⁴	NEJM 2014 ⁵
n	36	17	110	34	72
Population	prior alkylator and CD20, mixed rituximab-sensitive and -refractory	median 2 prior lines of therapy, range 1-8	prior alkylator and CD20, last response <12 months	mixed rituximab-sensitive and -refractory	alkylator and rituximab-refractory relapse
Follow-up (med)	20.1 mo	7.8 mo	27.7 mo	33.7 mo	NR
ORR	72%	41%	21%	50%	54%
CR	39%	18%	11%	18% ⁶	6%

- Overall response rate and complete responses to date compare favorably to those achieved with respective single-agents and recently approved therapies

Notes: data on slide are cross-trial comparison; Source: 1. Tam et al., ICML 2019; 2. Tam et al., ASH (abstract 152), 2017; 3. Gopal, et al ASH 2016; 4. Salles, et al J Clin Oncol 2013; 5. Gopal, et al N Engl J Med 2014; 6. 18% represents complete response rate in the 40 indolent lymphoma patient population that include 34 FL patients.

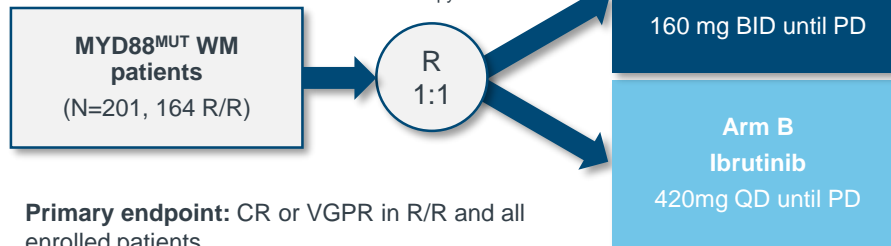
Ongoing Global Phase 3 Studies

ASPEN

Zanubrutinib vs. Ibrutinib in WM

Cohort 1: R/R or TN* WM with *MYD88*^{L265P} mutation

*TN must be unsuitable for standard chemoimmunotherapy



Primary endpoint: CR or VGPR in R/R and all enrolled patients

Cohort 2: WM with wild type *MYD88*



WM=Waldenstrom's macroglobulinemia, BID=twice daily, CR=complete response, MUT=mutation, PD=progressive disease, QD=once daily, R=randomization, R/R=relapsed/refractory, TN=treatment naïve, VGPR=very good partial response, WT=wild type. This study is registered at ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT03053440)

Ongoing Global Phase 3 Studies

SEQUOIA and ALPINE

Zanubrutinib vs. BR in 1L CLL/SLL

Cohort 1: Non-17p del TN CLL
Must be not suitable for FCR

Previously
untreated
CLL patients
(N=420)

Primary endpoint: PFS

R
1:1

Arm A
Zanubrutinib
160 mg BID until PD

Arm B
**Bendamustine
+ Rituximab (BR)**
× 6 cycles

Cohort 2: 17p del TN CLL

Previously untreated
17p del CLL patients
(N=110)

Arm C
Zanubrutinib
160 mg BID until PD

Phase 3 Zanubrutinib Vs Ibrutinib in R/R CLL/SLL

Relapsed/Refractory CLL/SLL
(received ≥ 1 prior treatments)

R/R CLL/SLL ≥ 1 prior
treatment
(N=400)

R
1:1

Arm A
Zanubrutinib
160mg BID
(n = 200)

Arm B
Ibrutinib
420mg QD
(n = 200)

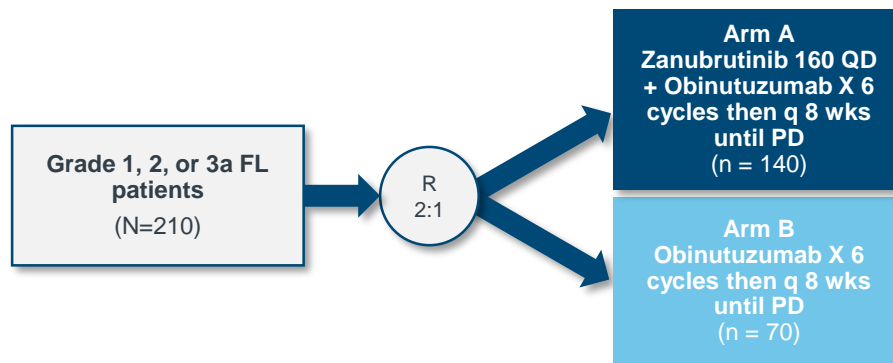
Primary Endpoint: ORR (non-inferiority and superiority)

1L=first-line treatment, BID=twice daily, CLL=chronic lymphocytic leukemia, del=deleted, FCR=fludarabine, cyclophosphamide, and rituximab, ORR=overall response rate, PD=progressive disease, PFS=progression-free survival, QD=once daily, R=randomized, SLL=small lymphocytic lymphoma, TN=treatment naive. These studies are registered at ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT03734016) and (NCT03336333).

Ongoing Pivotal Study

Phase 2 Zanubrutinib + Obinutuzumab vs Obinutuzumab in R/R FL

Relapsed/Refractory FL (received ≥ 2 prior treatments*)



Primary Endpoint: ORR

CLL/SLL=chronic lymphocytic leukemia/small lymphocytic lymphoma, FL=follicular lymphoma, ORR=overall response rate, PD=progressive disease, PFS=progression-free survival, QD=once daily, R=randomization. *Must have received prior treatment with rituximab and an alkylator; relapsed <12 months from end of last treatment OR refractory to last treatment. This study is registered at ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT03332017).

Zanubrutinib Potentially Addresses Areas of Need for Patients Treated with BTK Inhibitors

Efficacy

- Complete and sustained target inhibition may result in better response quality
 - We are testing this hypothesis in Phase 3 head-to-head trials against ibrutinib in WM and CLL

Tolerability

- In “real-world” ibrutinib use in CLL, not only acute/ serious toxicities (atrial fibrillation, serious bleeding), but cumulative tolerability issues (myalgia, arthralgia, hypertension) are frequently treatment-limiting
- Zanubrutinib to date has been associated with low rates of toxicity-related discontinuations and cumulative “off-target” toxicities¹

Drug-Drug Interactions

- Based on drug interaction studies, co-administration with strong CYP3A inhibitors is permitted
 - Includes important agents in management of leukemia/ lymphoma patients, such as azole anti-fungals
- Co-administration of proton pump inhibitor (PPIs) or other Acid-Reducing Agents (ARA) does not affect zanubrutinib exposure based on PK models
- Patients have been allowed to receive anticoagulants and aspirin on zanubrutinib single arm trials

1. Tam et. al. EHA 2019



Overview of Tislelizumab (BGB-A317)

Broad integrated global and China development program



OVERVIEW

- **Tislelizumab is a PD-1 checkpoint inhibitor with distinct molecular structure and an engineered Fc region; believed to minimize potentially negative interactions with other immune cells¹**
 - Pivotal data in lead indication: 87% ORR (63% CR) in R/R cHL
- **Broad development in Asia-prevalent cancers**
 - 14 ongoing and soon-to-start Ph. 3 or potentially registration-enabling trials: 4 in lung cancer, 2 in liver cancer, 3 in esophageal cancer, 1 in gastric cancer, 2 in bladder cancer, 1 in nasopharyngeal cancer, and 1 in MSI-H or dMMR solid tumors
 - Aimed to support broad label and label-based reimbursement
- **Strong manufacturing capabilities with emphasis on quality**
 - Manufacturing process and initial capacity developed by Boehringer Ingelheim
 - BeiGene's state-of-the-art 24,000L facility in Guangzhou expected to become operational in 2019



CLINICAL DATA

- **Clinical experience in more than 2,950 patients² enrolled over 3 years has demonstrated encouraging clinical activity and generally well-tolerated safety profile**



DEVELOPMENT PLAN

- **Broad development program designed to capture worldwide commercial opportunities**
 - Two China accelerated approval trials : cHL (priority) and urothelial cancer (priority)
 - Initiated global Ph2 trials in NK/T cell lymphomas and 2L/3L HCC, China pivotal Ph2 in MSI-H or dMMR solid tumors, 5 global Ph3 trials in 1L GC, 1L and 2L ESCC, 1L HCC and 2L NSCLC; 6 Ph3 trials in 1L non-sq and sq NSCLC, 1L SCLC, 1L UC, localized ESCC and 1L NPC in China
 - Combinations ongoing with BeiGene's PARP, BTK, PD-L1 and TIM3 inhibitors
 - Additional Ph3 trials planned



MILESTONES AND STATUS

- **Submitted first NDA in China for cHL (priority review granted November 15, 2018) and sNDA for UC (priority review announced July 8, 2019)**
- Presented data on long term exposure and structure/mechanism at AACR 2019
- Presented data on use in NPC at ASCO 2019
- Presented China cHL pivotal trial data at EHA 2019



BeiGene

Tislelizumab Clinical Program

Broad development for Asia-prevalent cancers

Global China

PROGRAM (TARGET)	TUMOR	DOSE ESCALATION	DOSE EXPANSION		PIVOTAL		FILED
		PH1a	PH1b	PH2*	PH2**	PH3	
tislelizumab (PD-1)	Heme	R/R cHL (NDA accepted)					
		R/R NK/T-cell lymphoma					
	Bladder	2L+ UC (NDA accepted)					
		1L UC					
	Lung	2L NSCLC					
		1L non-squamous NSCLC					
		1L squamous NSCLC					
		1L SCLC					
	Liver	1L HCC					
		2L/3L HCC ²					
	Esophageal	2L ESCC					
		1L ESCC					
	Gastric	Localized ESCC					
		1L GC					
		1L NPC					
		MSI-H or dMMR solid tumors					
+ pamiparib (PARP)		Solid tumors					
+ zanubrutinib (BTK)		Solid tumors					
		Hematologic tumors					
+ sitravatinib (multi-kinase)		NSCLC, RCC, OC, melanoma [^]					
+ sitravatinib (multi-kinase)		HCC, GC [^]					
+ A333 (PD-L1)		Solid tumors					
+ A425 (TIM3)		Solid tumors					

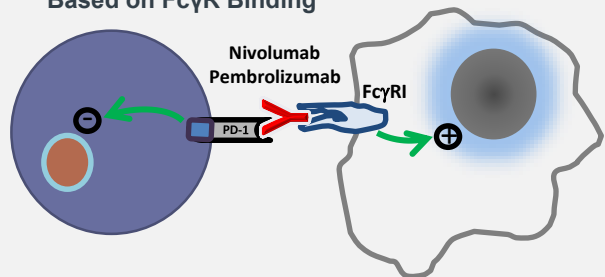
- More than 2,950 patients¹ enrolled over 3 years across tislelizumab program, including combination trials
- Broad development global program with additional Ph3/potential registration-enabling trials planned in lung, gastric, liver, and esophageal cancers

*Some indications will not require a non-pivotal Ph2 clinical trial prior to beginning pivotal Ph2 or 3 clinical trials. **Confirmatory clinical trials post-approval are required for accelerated approvals.
[^]Trials conducted in the APAC region. 1. as of June 2019. 2. global study and potentially registration-enabling in certain countries

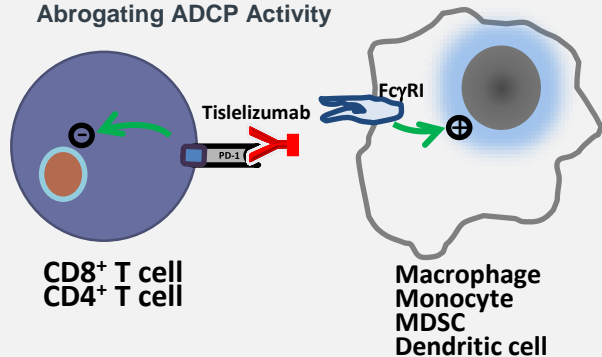
Tislelizumab's Lack of FcγR Binding Is Designed to Prevent Macrophage-Mediated T-Cell Clearance

We believe the different FcγR design may have meaningful differences in the clinic

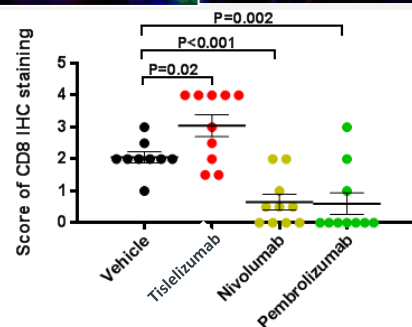
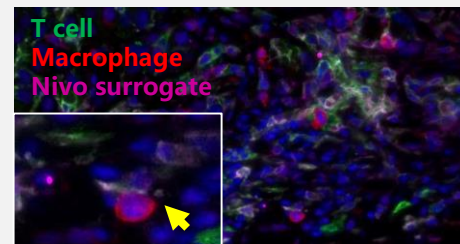
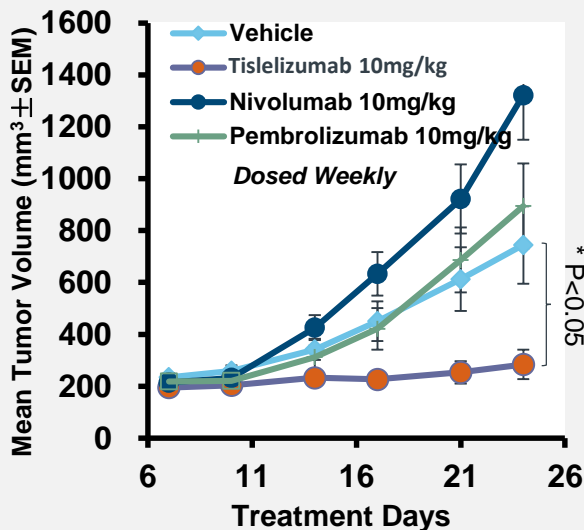
Antibody-Dependent Cellular Phagocytosis Based on FcγR Binding



Tislelizumab has Minimal FcγRI Binding Thus Abrogating ADCP Activity



Tislelizumab Differential Preclinical Efficacy in *in vivo* Mouse Tumor Model



- Tislelizumab was specifically engineered to minimize binding to FcγR on macrophages, thereby abrogating antibody-dependent cellular phagocytosis (ADCP), a potential mechanism of T-cell clearance
- Hypothesis supported by literature:** Dahan et al. reported that FcγR engagement compromises the anti-tumor activity of anti-PD-1 Abs; Arlauckas et al. showed in a mouse model that anti-PD-1 Abs could be transferred from PD-1⁺ T cells to macrophages in FcγR-dependent manner

FcγRI=Fc gamma receptor-1, MDSC=myeloid-derived suppressor cell;
Source: Dahan et al., Cancer Cell, 2015; Arlauckas et al., Sci. Transl. Med., 2017



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Tislelizumab China cHL Pivotal Trial Data

Deep and frequent responses observed in both transplant-ineligible patients and patients who failed transplant

Baseline Characteristics	Total (N=70)
Age (years), median (range)	32.5 (18, 69)
Age group <65 / 65-74 years, n (%)	66 (94.3) / 4 (5.7)
Sex, male / female, n (%)	40 (57.1) / 30 (42.9)
Time since first diagnosis of cHL (months), median (range)	25.33 (4.6, 262.3)
Stage IV at study entry, n (%)	42 (60.0)
Bulky disease*, n (%)	8 (11.4)
Bone marrow involvement, n (%)	22 (31.4)
B-symptom(s), n (%)	26 (37.1)
Ineligible for prior ASCT†, n (%)	
Failure to achieve an objective response to salvage chemotherapy	53 (75.7)
Inadequate stem cell collection or unable to collect stem cells	2 (2.9)
Co-morbidities	2 (2.9)
Prior lines of systemic therapy, median (range)	3 (2-11)
Type of prior therapy, n (%)	
Chemotherapy	70 (100.0)
Radiotherapy	21 (30.0)
ASCT	13 (18.6)
Immunotherapy‡	15 (21.4)
Brentuximab vedotin	4 (5.7)

IRC Dataset	cHL
Enrolled Patients	N=70
Median Follow-up	13.9 months
Prior Lines, Median (range)	3 (2-11)
ORR	87.1%
CR	62.9%
PR	24.3%

-- Majority of transplant-ineligible patients had failed to respond to salvage chemotherapy

Source: Song et al., EHA 2019. *Mediastinal mass ratio of 0.33 or size of any single node/nodal mass ≥10 cm in diameter; †All received ≥2 prior regimens.

Summary of Tislelizumab Adverse Events

cHL pivotal trial

Summary of Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events

Event, n (%)	N=70
Grade ≥3 TEAE	21 (30)
Serious TEAE	12* (17.1)
TEAE leading to treatment discontinuation	4 [†] (5.7)
TEAE leading to death	0 (0.0)
Immune-related (ir) TEAEs (by aggregate category)	
≥1 irTEAE	27 (36.8)
Thyroid disorder	16 (22.9)
Pneumonitis	5 (7.1)
Skin adverse reactions	6 (8.6)
Myositis/rhabdomyolysis/cardiomyopathy [‡]	1 (1.4)
Nephritis and renal dysfunction	1 (1.4)
Other immune-related reactions (lipase increased)	1 (1.4)

Source: Song et al., EHA 2019

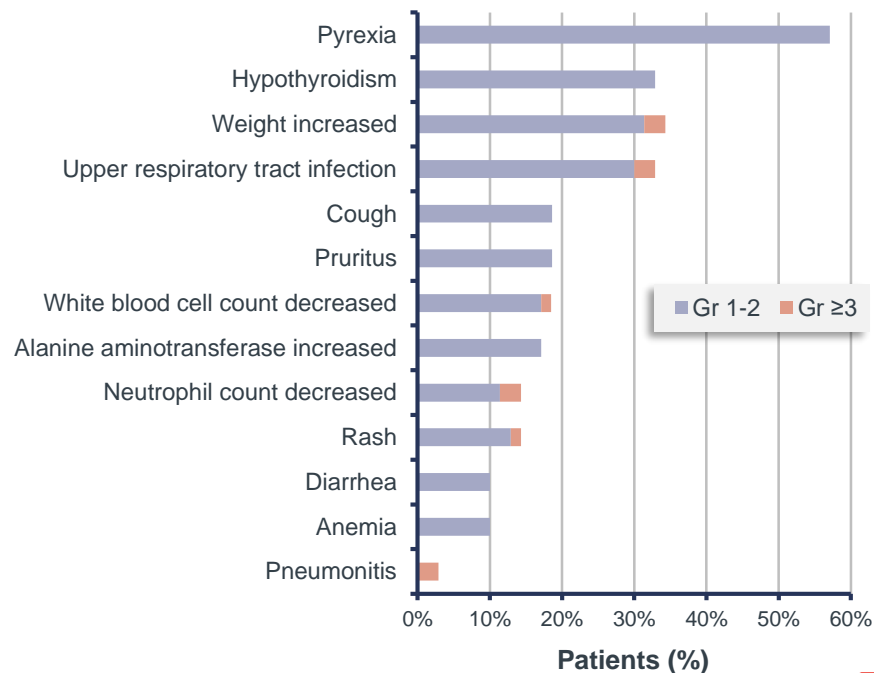
Data cut: Nov 26, 2018; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse events by individual preferred term.

*SAEs in 11 of the 12 patients determined to be possibly related to tislelizumab

[†]Pneumonitis (n=2), focal segmental glomerulosclerosis (n=1), organizing pneumonia (n=1)

[‡]Blood creatine phosphokinase increased

TEAEs in ≥10% of Patients and Grade ≥3 TEAEs in ≥2 Patients Regardless of Causality



Tislelizumab China UC Pivotal Trial Data

Activity in previously treated patients

	UC
Enrolled Patients/evaluable	N=113/104
Median Follow-up	8 months
ORR	23.1%
CR	7.7%
PR	15.4%

- IRC assessed
- Frequency and severity of adverse events were generally consistent with the previously reported Phase 1/2 safety and tolerability data for tislelizumab, or, in the case of certain immune-related adverse events, consistent with previous reports of other PD-1 antibodies. Full results of the study are planned to be presented at an upcoming medical conference.

Tislelizumab Response Data in Disease-Specific Cohorts

Tumor Type	Gastric Cancer	Esophageal Cancer	Head & Neck SCC	Ovarian Cancer	Hepatocellular Carcinoma	Urothelial Cancer	NSCLC	MSI-H / dMMR	NPC
Source	ESMO-IO 2018 ¹	ESMO-IO 2018 ¹	ESMO 2017 ²	ESMO 2017 ³	ESMO-IO 2018 ¹	ESMO-IO 2018 ⁴	ESMO-IO 2018 ¹	CSCO 2018 ⁵	ASCO 2019 ⁶
Median Treatment Duration	--	--	104 days (30-339)	71 days (29-540)	--	4.1 mo (0.7-26.3)	--	2.2 mo (0.69-11.1)	7.5 mo (2.1-15.8)
Median Follow-up Time	4.9 mo (0.9-25.4)	5.2 mo (0.2-22.7)	--	--	10.8 mo (0.7-31.6)	--	11.2 mo (0.5-25.9)	4.4 mo (0.1-10.7)	11.7 mo (4.9-15.7)
Median Duration of Response	8.5 mo	NR	--	--	15.7 mo	18.7 mo (6.2-18.7)	NR	--	8.3 mo
Evaluable Patients	N=54	N=54	N=17	N=50	N=49	N=17	N=46	N=14	N=21
CR (Confirmed)	--	1	--	--	--	1	--	--	--
PR	7	5	3	2	6	4	6	4	9
SD	9	14	6	20	19	3	23	4	9
Patients Remaining on Treatment*	3	3	3	6	5	2	7	9	9

- Objective responses observed with limited follow-up in multiple disease-specific cohorts. NR = Not reached

Sources: 1. Ph1A/1B data as of August 31, 2018, presented at the ESMO Immuno-Oncology 2018 Congress (Sanjeev et al); 2. Ph1 data as of June 8, 2017, presented at the ESMO 2017 Congress (Horvath et al, Abstract 389P); 3. Ph1 data as of June 8, 2017, presented at the ESMO 2017 Congress (Meniawy et al, Abstract 388P); 4. Ph1/2 data as of August 31, 2018, presented at the ESMO Immuno-Oncology 2018 Congress (Shahneen et al); 5. Ph1 data as of May 11, 2018, presented at CSCO 2018; 6. Ph1/2 as of December 1, 2018, presented at ASCO 2019 (Wang et al); * At time of data cutoff.

Tislelizumab Phase 1 Common AEs in $\geq 10\%$ of Patients

System Organ Class Preferred Term	Phase 1a N=116 n (%)	Phase 1b N=335 n (%)	Total N=451 n (%)
Patients with at least one TEAE	114 (25.3)	322 (71.4)	436 (96.7)
Fatigue	47 (10.4)	78 (17.3)	125 (27.7)
Nausea	41 (9.1)	68 (15.1)	109 (24.2)
Decreased appetite	19 (4.2)	71 (15.7)	90 (20.0)
Diarrhea	32 (7.1)	49 (10.9)	81 (18.0)
Constipation	26 (5.8)	50 (11.1)	76 (16.9)
Abdominal pain	26 (5.8)	38 (8.4)	64 (14.2)
Vomiting	20 (4.4)	43 (9.5)	63 (14.0)
Back pain	22 (4.9)	40 (8.9)	62 (13.7)
Cough	15 (3.3)	45 (10.0)	60 (13.3)
Rash	23 (5.1)	37 (8.2)	60 (13.3)
Dyspnea	12 (2.7)	33 (7.3)	45 (10.0)

All grades, regardless of causality; Data cut-off 27 April 2018; 6 months after Last Patient Enrolled; Source: BGB-A317 IB v6.0

Of the 451 total patients in the Safety Population for Study BGB A317_001_203 (45.0%) experienced at least 1 Grade 3 or higher TEAE. The most commonly occurring Grade 3 or higher TEAEs ($\geq 2\%$; 9 or more patients overall incidence) were pneumonia (22 patients, 4.9%), anemia (18 patients, 3.2%), and hypokalemia (9 patients, 2.0%).

Tislelizumab Chemotherapy Combination Data in Lung Cancers

Responses	Non-Sq Tislelizumab + pemetrexed + platinum (n=16)	Sq Tislelizumab + paclitaxel + platinum (n=15)	Sq Tislelizumab + gemcitabine + platinum (n=6)	SCLC Tislelizumab + etoposide + platinum (n=17)	Total (N=54)
BOR, n (%)					
CR	0	0	0	0	0
PR	5 (31.3)	12 (80.0)	4 (66.7)	8 (47.1)	29 (53.7)
UPR	4 (25.0)	0	0	6 (35.5)	10 (18.5)
SD	5 (31.3)	2 (13.3)	1 (16.7)	1 (5.9)	9 (16.7)
PD	2 (12.5)	0	0	1 (5.9)	3 (5.6)
Missing	0	1 (6.7)	1 (16.7)	1 (5.9)	3 (5.6)
ORR %	56.3	80.0	66.7	82.3	72.2
ORR confirmed %	31.3	80.0	66.7	47.1	53.7

Abbreviations: BOR, best overall response; CR, complete response; Sq, squamous; PD, progressive disease; PR, partial response; SCLC, small cell lung cancer; SD, stable disease; UPR, unconfirmed partial response. Source: CSCO 2018 Wang et al Abstract 450

AEs were considered manageable and reversible, with chemotherapy dose modifications or tislelizumab dose holds, except for one fatal event of myocarditis/myositis (onset of AEs on Day 10 and died on Day 19 of treatment administration). Five patients (9.3%) experienced at least one grade ≥ 3 AE (polymyositis, dyspnea, rhabdomyolysis, myocarditis/myositis, and myasthenia gravis) that were considered to be possibly related to tislelizumab. Immune-related AEs (irAEs) occurred in 13 patients (24%) and included hypothyroidism (n=3), decreased tri-iodothyronine (n=2), hyperthyroidism (n=2), pneumonitis (n=2), pyrexia (n=2), and rash (n=2).

Overview of Pamiparib (BGB-290)

Selective Inhibitor of
PARP1 and PARP2



OVERVIEW

- **Highly selective PARP1 and PARP2 inhibitor with potential brain penetration and strong PARP trapping activity in preclinical studies**



CLINICAL DATA

- **Ph1/2 data demonstrated pamiparib was generally well-tolerated with promising anti-tumor activity in ovarian cancer**
 - Low incidence of hematological toxicities (e.g. thrombocytopenia), no liver toxicity



DEVELOPMENT PLAN

- Two ongoing global Ph1b/2 trials with chemotherapy: combination with radiation therapy and temozolomide (TMZ) in glioblastoma or combination with TMZ in advanced solid tumors
- Enrollment complete in China pivotal Ph2 trial in patients with gBRCA+ ovarian cancer
- Enrollment complete in Ph3 trial in China as maintenance therapy in patients with platinum-sensitive recurrent ovarian cancer
- Enrolling patients for a global Ph3 trial in gastric cancer as maintenance therapy
- Internal combination with tislelizumab: preliminary anti-tumor activity observed in multiple solid tumors



MILESTONES AND STATUS

- Presented updated Ph1 data in ovarian cancer at AACR 2018
- Presented updated Ph1/2 combination data in solid tumours at ESMO 2018
- Presented updated Ph1/2 combination data in GBM at SNO 2018

Pamiparib Clinical Program

Global China

PROGRAM (TARGET)	DOSE ESCALATION	DOSE EXPANSION		PIVOTAL	
	PH1a	PH1b	PH2*	PH2**	PH3
pamiparib (BGB-290, PARP)	3L gBRCA+ OC				
	2L plat-sensitive OC maintenance				
	1L plat-sensitive GC maintenance				
	Solid tumors				
+ TMZ (Chemo)	Solid tumors				
+ RT/TMZ (RT/Chemo)	Solid tumors				
+ tislelizumab (PD-1)	Solid tumors				

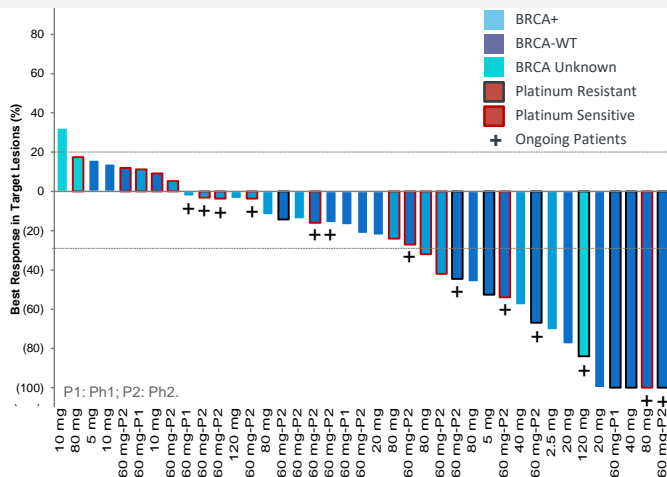
- Two ongoing global Ph1b/2 trials with chemotherapy: combination with radiation therapy and temozolomide (TMZ) in glioblastoma or combination with TMZ in advanced solid tumors
- Internal combination with tislelizumab: preliminary anti-tumor activity observed in multiple solid tumors

*Some indications will not require a non-pivotal Ph2 clinical trial prior to beginning pivotal Ph2 or 3 clinical trials. **Confirmatory clinical trials post-approval are required for accelerated approvals.

Pamiparib Monotherapy Phase 1/2 Data

Promising activity and generally well-tolerated

Best Change from Baseline in Target Lesions in Epithelial Ovarian Cancer and Other Associated Tumors



Best Overall Response, n (%) **Total (N=39)**

Overall Response rate per RECIST v1.1 (CR+PR)	13 (33.3%)
Complete Response (CR)	3 (7.7%)
Partial Response (PR)	10 (25.6%)
Stable Disease (SD)	21 (53.8%)
Clinical Benefit Rate (CR+PR+SD with ≥ 24 Weeks Duration)	18 (46.2%)

Overall response rates by BRCA status were 43.5% (n=10/23; BRCA+), 15.4% (n=2/13; BRCA-WT), and 33.3% (n=1/3; BRCA unknown)

Summary of Adverse Events from Across the Ph1/2 Trial

	Ph1 (n=45)	Ph1 (n=23)	Total (N=68)
Patient Reporting ≥ 1 TEAE	45 (100%)	22 (95.7%)	67 (98.5%)
Patients Reporting ≥ 1 Treatment-Related TEAE	34 (75.6%)	19 (82.6%)	53 (77.9%)
Patients Reporting ≥ 1 Serious TEAE	25 (55.6%)	6 (26.1%)	31 (45.6%)
Patients who Experienced ≥ 1 DLT	4 (8.9%)	NA	4 (5.9%)
TEAEs Leading to Discontinuation	4 (8.9%)	0	4 (5.9%)
TRAEs Occurring in $\geq 10\%$ of All Patients (N=68)	Grade 1 or 2	Grade ≥ 3	Total
Nausea	36 (52.9%)	2 (2.9%)	38 (55.9%)
Vomiting	13 (9.1%)	1 (1.5%)	14 (20.6%)
Diarrhea	12 (17.6%)	2 (2.9%)	14 (20.6%)
Fatigue	25 (36.8%)	2 (2.9%)	27 (39.7%)
Anemia	10 (14.7%)	7 (10.3%)	17 (25.0%)
Neutropenia/Neutrophil Count Decrease	2 (92.9%)	6 (8.8%)	8 (11.8%)
Decreased Appetite	10 (14.7%)	0	10 (14.7%)

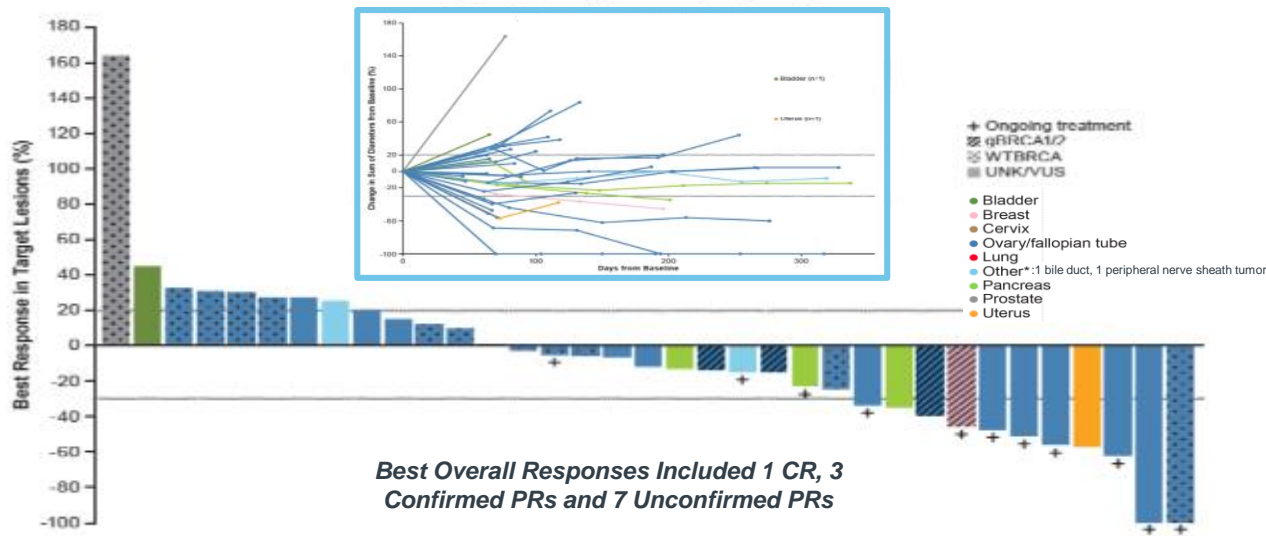
All data are presented as n (%).

Abbreviations: DLT: dose-limiting toxicity; NA: not applicable; TEAE: treatment-emergent adverse event; TRAE: treatment-related adverse event.

Tislelizumab/Pamiparib Combination Escalation Data

Generally well-tolerated with preliminary anti-tumor activity in multiple tumor types

- Ovarian or fallopian tube cancer patients (n=29) had best responses of CR (1), PR (2 confirmed, 5 unconfirmed), and SD (7). Breast cancer patients (n=2) had 1 confirmed PR. Pancreatic cancer patients (n=3) had best responses of PR (1 unconfirmed) and SD (2). Uterine cancer patient (n=1) had an unconfirmed PR. SD was observed in 1 of 3 patients with prostate cancer and the 1 patient with bile duct cancer. Additional tumor types enrolled included bladder, cervical, lung, and peripheral nerve sheath cancer (n=1 each)
- Grade 3-4 AEs related to tislelizumab in >1 patients were AI hepatitis/hepatitis (12%) and ALT inc. (5%); related to pamiparib in >1 patients were anemia (14%), and ALT inc., AST inc., fatigue, and nausea (5% each)
- Liver-related AEs regardless of causality occurred in 12 patients (gr. 3-4 in 8 patients: 5 hepatitis, 3 including ALT and/or AST); all reversible with/without corticosteroids
- Treatment-related hepatic AEs have been reported in 1 of 300 patients treated with tislelizumab monotherapy and 0 of 65 patients treated with pamiparib monotherapy in separate ongoing trials





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Thank you